## STATE OF LOUISIANA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AND DEVELOPMENT

### LETTER BID PROPOSAL



# STATE PROJECT NO. 579-29-0001 RAISING LA 1 NEAR GOLDEN MEADOW FLOODGATE ROUTE LA 1 LAFOURCHE PARISH



### STATE PROJECT NO. 579-29-0001 TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page No.
Title Sheet	. A-1
Table of Contents	. B-1
Notice to Contractors	. C-1 thru C-2
Special Provisions	. D-1 thru D-12
Supplemental Specifications:	
Supplemental Specifications for 2006 Standard Specifications (08/08)	. E-1 thru E-34
Project Sign Detail	. F-1
Plans (25 sheets)	. G-1 thru G-25
Construction Proposal Information or Returnables:	
Title Sheet	. H-1
Bid Bond	. I-1
Schedule of Items	. J-1 thru J-2
Construction Proposal Signature and Execution Form	. K-1 thru K-2

### **NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS (08/07)**

Sealed paper bids for the following project will be received by the Department of Transportation and Development (DOTD). Bids can be delivered to the DOTD District 02 Design Office, 7252 Lakeshore Drive, New Orleans, LA 70452 until 10:00 a.m on **Tuesday, March 17, 2009**. Beginning at 10:00 a.m., all bids will be publicly opened and presented in the Grille Room. No bids will be received after 10:00 a.m. Any person requiring special accommodations shall notify DOTD at (504) 816-7309 not less than 3 business days before bid opening.

### **STATE PROJECT NO. 579-29-0001**

DESCRIPTION: RAISING OF LA 1 NEAR GOLDEN MEADOW FLOODGATE

ROUTE: LA 1

PARISH: LAFOURCHE LENGTH: 0.198 miles.

TYPE: RAISE A PORTION OF LA 1 NEAR GOLDEN MEADOW FLOODGATE AND

**RELATED WORK** 

LIMITS: State Project No. 579-29-0001: THE PROJECT BEGINS ON LA 1 485 FEET NORTH OF LEVEE CROSSING AT C.S.L.M. 7.488 (STA. 120+82) AND PROCEEDS

SOUTH ALONG LA 1 TO C.S.L.M. 7.289 (STA. 131+30). ESTIMATED COST RANGE: \$ 250,000 TO \$500,000

PROJECT ENGINEER: GISCLAIR, GARY; (985) 858-2406; 4920 Imperial Drive, Houma,

LA 70360

PROJECT MANAGER: GAUDET, COREY; (504) 816-7312

COST OF PROPOSAL FORMS: FREE

COST OF PLANS: Included in proposal (no additional charge).

Bids must be prepared and submitted in accordance with Section 102 of the 2006 Louisiana Standard Specifications for Roads and Bridges as amended by the project specifications, and must include all information required by the proposal.

### NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS (CONTINUED)

Plans and/or proposals may be obtained from 7252 Lakeshore Drive, New Orleans, LA, 70124, or by contacting the DOTD; Email: coreygaudet@dotd.la.gov, Phone (504) 816-7312, FAX: (504) 816-7302, or by written requests sent to the above address. Proposals will not be issued later than 24 hours prior to the time set for opening bids. The purchase price for plans and proposals is non-refundable.

The U. S. Department of Transportation (DOT) operates a toll free "Hotline" Monday through Friday, 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., Eastern Time. Anyone with knowledge of possible bid rigging, bidder collusion, or other fraudulent activities should call 1-800-424-9071. All information will be treated confidentially and caller anonymity will be respected.

**GENERAL BIDDING REQUIREMENTS (08/06):** The specifications, contract and bonds governing the construction of the work are the 2006 Edition of the Louisiana Standard Specifications for Roads and Bridges, together with any supplementary specifications and special provisions attached to this proposal.

Bids shall be prepared and submitted in accordance with Section 102 of the Standard Specifications.

The plans herein referred to are the plans approved and marked with the project number, route and Parish, together with all standard or special designs that may be included in such plans. The bidder declares that the only parties interested in this proposal as principals are those named herein; that this proposal is made without collusion or combination of any kind with any other person, firm, association, or corporation, or any member or officer thereof; that careful examination has been made of the site of the proposed work, the plans, Standard Specifications, supplementary specifications and special provisions above mentioned, and the form of contract and payment, performance, and retainage bond; that the bidder agrees, if this proposal is accepted, to provide all necessary machinery, tools, apparatus and other means of construction and will do all work and furnish all material specified in the contract, in the manner and time therein prescribed and in accordance with the requirements therein set forth; and agrees to accept as full compensation therefore, the amount of the summation of the products of the quantities of work and material incorporated in the completed project, as determined by the engineer, multiplied by the respective unit prices herein bid.

It is understood by the bidder that the quantities given in this proposal are a fair approximation of the amount of work to be done and that the sum of the products of the approximate quantities multiplied by the respective unit prices bid shall constitute gross sum bid, which sum shall be used in comparison of bids and awarding of the contract.

The bidder further agrees to perform all extra and force account work that may be required on the basis provided in the specifications.

The bidder further agrees that within 15 calendar days after the contract has been transmitted to him, he will execute the contract and furnish the Department satisfactory surety bonds.

If this proposal is accepted and the bidder fails to execute the contract and furnish bonds as above provided, the proposal guaranty shall become the property of the Department; otherwise, said proposal guaranty will be returned to the bidder; all in accordance with Subsection 103.04.

**MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC (11/13/08):** Subsection 104.03 of the 2006 Standard Specifications is amended to include the following requirements.

The contractor shall provide for and maintain through and local traffic at all times and shall conduct his operations in such manner as to cause the least possible interference with traffic at junctions with roads, streets and driveways.

The contractor shall conduct his paving operations on one side of the roadway at a time. The side of the roadway, including shoulder, that is open to traffic shall be clear at all times.

When the plans show asphaltic concrete pavement layers to be placed in thicknesses of 2 inches (50 mm) or less, the contractor will be permitted to pave in one lane for a full day; the adjacent lane may be paved the following workday. When pavement layers are greater than 2 inches (50 mm) thickness, the contractor shall use a Wedged Joint and will be permitted to pave in one lane for a full day; the adjacent lane shall be paved the following day or place approximately 1/2 of each day's production in one lane and the remainder in the adjacent lane.

At the end of each day's paving operations, temporary pavement markings shall be in place and proper signs and barricades displayed. During the period that all lanes are open to traffic, the contractor shall neither store material nor park equipment on roadway shoulders.

**SUBLETTING OF CONTRACT (01/83):** In accordance with Subsection 108.01 of the Standard Specifications, the following items are designated as "Specialty Items":

ITEM 202-02-18000 REMOVAL OF GUARD RAIL
ITEM 731-02-00100 REFLECTORIZED RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

ITEM 732-02-01000 PLASTIC PAVEMENT STRIPING (SOLID LINE)(4" WIDTH)

**PAYMENT ADJUSTMENT (12/08):** Section 109, Measurement and Payment of the 2006 Standard Specifications and the supplemental specifications thereto, is amended to add the following.

This project is designated for payment adjustment for asphalt cements and fuels in accordance with Subsection 109.09 as follows.

### 109.09 PAYMENT ADJUSTMENT (ASPHALT CEMENTS AND FUELS).

(a) General: Payment for contract items indicated herein will be adjusted to compensate for cost differentials of Performance Graded (PG) asphalt cements, gasoline, and diesel fuel when such costs increase or decrease more than 5 percent from the Department's established base prices for these items. The base price indices for asphalt cements and fuels will be the monthly price indices in effect at the time bids are opened for the project. The base price indices for asphalt cements will be as stated in paragraph (b) below. The base price index for fuels will be as stated in paragraph (c) below.

Payment adjustments will be made each monthly estimate period when a price index for this period varies more than 5 percent from its respective base price index. The monthly price indices to be used with each monthly estimate will be the price indices for the month in which the estimate period begins.

If the project is placed in default, payment adjustments will be based on the monthly price indices used for the last monthly estimate period prior to the project being placed in default, unless a monthly price index decreases in which case the lower monthly price index will be used.

If it is determined after completion of work on any eligible item that the total quantity paid to date must be adjusted to reflect more accurate quantity determinations, the Department will prorate the additional quantity to be added or subtracted over all previous estimate periods in which the item of work was performed in order to determine additional payment adjustments. If payment adjustments were made during any of these partial estimate periods, this added or subtracted quantity that has been prorated will likewise have payment adjustments calculated and included.

(b) Performance Graded (PG) Asphalt Cements: The base price index will be the monthly price index in effect at the time of bid opening as shown elsewhere herein. The monthly price indices will be the average, excluding the extreme outliers, of the unit prices for PG 64-22, the average, excluding the extreme outliers, of the unit prices for PG 70-22m, and the average, excluding the extreme outliers, of the unit prices for PG 76-22m. The monthly prices for each of these asphalt materials will be F.O.B. refinery or terminal as determined from the quoted prices effective on the first calendar day of each month from suppliers of these materials. Suppliers considered are those who have requested to participate in the liquid asphalt index determination

and have supplied materials on DOTD projects within the past twelve months. These suppliers and materials shall be listed on the Department's Qualified Products List (QPL 41) and must be marketed in Louisiana. For Asphalt Cements not listed above, the following shall be considered equivalent for payment adjustments:

Pay Item Equivalents Eligible for Asphalt Pay Adjustment

Performance Graded Asphalt Cement	Equivalent PG Asphalt Cement for Payment Adjustment
PG 58-28	PG 64-22
PG 64-22	PG 64-22
PG 70-22m	PG 70-22m
PG 76-22m	PG 76-22m
PG 82-22rm	PG 64-22

Payment adjustments will be made in accordance with the following formulas:

If Monthly Price Index exceeds Base Price Index,  

$$P_a = (A - 1.05B) \times C \times D \times (1.00 + T)$$

If Base Price Index exceeds Monthly Price Index,  

$$P_a = (0.95B - A) \times C \times D \times (1.00 + T)$$

### Where:

P<sub>a</sub> = Price adjustment (increase or decrease) for asphalt cement.

A = Monthly Price Index for respective PG 64-22, PG 70-22m, or PG 76-22m

in dollars per ton/megagram.

B = Base Price Index for respective PG 64-22, PG 70-22m, or PG 76-22m in

dollars per ton/megagram.

C = Tons/megagrams of asphaltic concrete.

D = Percent of respective asphalt cement, per job mix formula, in decimals.

T = Louisiana sales tax percentage, in decimals.

(Note: Local tax is not considered)

The engineer will furnish the weights (mass) of asphaltic concrete placed during the monthly estimate period with the respective asphalt cement content, excluding the asphalt content in reclaimed asphaltic pavement (RAP) as per job mix formula. If the asphalt cement content changes during the estimate period, the respective weight (mass) of asphaltic concrete produced at each cement content will be reported.

All contract pay items using PG 58-28, PG 64-22, PG 70-22m, PG 76-22m, and PG 82-22m shall be eligible for payment adjustments of asphalt materials; except no payment adjustment will be made for contract pay items under Subsection 510-01, "Pavement Patching", Section 507, "Asphaltic Surface Treatment", nor for any emulsions of cutbacks.

Item 510-02, Pavement Widening, and all contract pay items under Sections 502 and 508, will be eligible for payment adjustments of asphalt materials. No payment adjustment will be made for other asphalt materials, including emulsions and cutbacks.

The base price indices for asphalt cements and fuels will be posted on the DOTD internet website before the 10<sup>th</sup> calendar day of each month at the following URL: www.dotd.louisiana.gov/lettings/lac price index/priceindices.asp.

(c) Fuels: The base price index for this project will be the monthly price index in effect when bids are opened for the project. The monthly price index will be the minimum price quotations for unleaded gasoline and No. 2 diesel fuel listed for the New Orleans area in *Platt's Oilgram and Price Report* effective on the first calendar day of each month.

Payment adjustment will be made in accordance with the following formulas:

If Monthly Price Index exceeds Base Price Index,  $P_a = (A - 1.05B) \times Q \times F$ 

If Base Price Index exceeds Monthly Price Index,  $P_a = (0.95B - A) \times Q \times F$ 

Where:

 $P_a$  = Price adjustment.

A = Monthly Price Index in dollars per gallon/liter.

B = Base Price Index in dollars per gallon/liter.

Q = Pay Item Quantity (Pay Units). F = Fuel Usage Factor Gal (L)/Pay Unit.

The following is a listing of contract pay items that are eligible for payment adjustment and the fuel usage factors that will be used in making such adjustment. Contract items that expand the items listed herein by use of letter or number designations are also eligible for fuel price adjustments; for example:

Item 601-01-G, Portland Cement Concrete Pavement 8 inches (200 mm) thick.

### ELIGIBLE CONTRACT PAY ITEMS & FUEL USAGE FACTORS FOR FUEL PAYMENT ADJUSTMENT<sup>7</sup>

ITEM NO.	PAY ITEM	UNITS	MIN. ORIGINAL CONTRACT	FUEL USAG	E FACTORS
			QUANTITY FOR PAY ADJUSTMENT	Diesel <sup>2</sup>	Gasoline
203-01	General Excavation	gal/cu yd	10,000 cu yd	0.29	0.15
203-02	Drainage Excavation	gal/cu yd	10,000 cu yd	0.29	0.15
203-031	Embankment	gal/cu yd	10,000 cu yd	0.29	0.15
203-04	Nonplastic Embankment	gal/cu yd	10,000 cu yd	0.29	0.15
203-07	Borrow (Vehicular Measurement)	gal/cu yd	10,000 cu yd	0.29	0.15
301-01	Class I Base Course	gal/cu yd	3,000 cu yd	0.88	0.57
301-02	Class I Base Course ( " Thick)	gal/sq yd	50,000 sq yd	0.04	0.03
302-01	Class II Base Course	gal/cu yd	3,000 cu yd	0.88	0.57
302-02	Class II Base Course ( "Thick)	gal/sq yd	50,000 sq yd	0.04	0.03
303-01	In-Place Cement Stabilized Base Course	gal/sq yd	50,000 sq yd	0.04	0.03
304-02	Lime Treatment (Type B)	gal/sq yd	50,000 sq yd	0.04	0.03
304-03	Lime Treatment (Type C)	gal/sq yd	50,000 sq yd	0.04	0.03
304-04	Lime Treatment (Type D)	gal/sq yd	50,000 sq yd	0.04	0.03
305-01	Subgrade Layer ( " Thick)	gal/sq yd	50,000 sq yd	0.04	0.03
308-01	In-Place Cement Treated Base Course	gal/sq yd	50,000 sq yd	0.04	0.03
401-01	Aggregate Surface Course (Net Section)	gal/cu yd	3,000 cu yd	0.88	0.57
401-02	Aggregate Surface Course (Adjusted Vehicular Measurement)	gal/cu yd	3,000 cu yd	0.88	0.57
502-01	Superpave Asphaltic Concrete	gal/ton	1000 ton	$2.40^{3}$	0.2
502-02	Superpave Asphaltic Concrete	gal/cu yd	500 cu yd	4.80 <sup>4</sup>	0.4
502-03	Superpave Asphaltic Concrete ( "Thick)	gal/sq yd	10,000 sq yd	0.13 <sup>5,6</sup>	0.016
508-01	Asphaltic Concrete (SMA)	gal/ton	1000 ton	$2.40^{3}$	0.2
510-02	Pavement Widening	gal/sq yd	3,000 sq yd	0.86	0.24
601-01	Portland Cement Concrete Pavement ( " Thick)	gal/sq yd	15,000 sq yd	0.11	0.15

<sup>1</sup> If project has both 203-01 & 203-03, only the item with larger quantity is eligible.

For fuel adjustment purposes, the term "diesel" shall represent No. 2 or No. 4 fuel oils or any of the liquified petroleum gases, such as propane or butane.

<sup>3</sup> If natural gas or coal is used instead of diesel for aggregate drying and heating the fuel usage factor shall be 1.67 gal/ton.

<sup>4</sup> If natural gas or coal is used instead of diesel for aggregate drying and heating the fuel usage factor shall be 13.34 gal/cu yd.

<sup>5</sup> If natural gas or coal is used instead of diesel for aggregate drying and heating the fuel usage factor shall be 0.09 gal/sq yd.

<sup>6</sup> Per inch of thickness.

<sup>7</sup> No fuel adjustment will be allowed for waste oil.

### ELIGIBLE CONTRACT PAY ITEMS & FUEL USAGE FACTORS FOR FUEL PAYMENT ADJUSTMENT (METRIC)<sup>7</sup>

ITEM NO.	PAY ITEM	UNITS	MIN. ORIGINAL CONTRACT	FUEL USAGE FACTORS	
			QUANTITY FOR PAY ADJUSTMENT	Diesel <sup>2</sup>	Gasoline
203-01	General Excavation	$1/m^3$	7,600 m <sup>3</sup>	1.44	0.74
203-02	Drainage Excavation	$1/m^3$	7,600 m <sup>3</sup>	1.44	0.74
203-031	Embankment	$1/m^3$	7,600 m <sup>3</sup>	1.44	0.74
203-04	Nonplastic Embankment	$1/m^3$	7,600 m <sup>3</sup>	1.44	0.74
203-07	Borrow (Vehicular Measurement)	$1/m^3$	7,600 m <sup>3</sup>	1.44	0.74
301-01	Class I Base Course	$1/m^3$	2,300 m <sup>3</sup>	4.36	2.82
301-02	Class I Base Course ( mm Thick)	$l/m^2$	41,800 m <sup>2</sup>	0.18	0.14
302-01	Class II Base Course	1/m <sup>3</sup>	2,300 m <sup>3</sup>	4.36	2.82
302-02	Class II Base Course ( mm Thick)	1/ <b>m</b> <sup>2</sup>	41,800 m <sup>2</sup>	0.18	0.14
303-01	In-Place Cement Stabilized Base Course	$1/m^2$	41,800 m <sup>2</sup>	0.18	0.14
304-02	Lime Treatment (Type B)	1/m <sup>2</sup>	41,800 m <sup>2</sup>	0.18	0.14
304-03	Lime Treatment (Type C)	1/m <sup>2</sup>	41,800 m <sup>2</sup>	0.18	0.14
304-04	Lime Treatment (Type D)	$1/m^2$	41,800 m <sup>2</sup>	0.18	0.14
305-01	Subgrade Layer ( mm Thick)	$l/m^2$	41,800 m <sup>2</sup>	0.18	0.14
308-01	In-Place Cement Stabilized Base Course	$1/m^2$	41,800 m <sup>2</sup>	0.18	0.14
401-01	Aggregate Surface Course (Net Section)	1/m <sup>3</sup>	2,300 m <sup>3</sup>	4.36	2.82
401-02	Aggregate Surface Course (Adjusted Vehicular Measurement)	l/m <sup>3</sup>	2,300 m <sup>3</sup>	4.36	2.82
502-01	Superpave Asphaltic Concrete	l/Mg	900 Mg	$10.01^3$	0.83
502-02	Superpave Asphaltic Concrete	$1/m^3$	400 m <sup>3</sup>	23.774	1.98
502-03	Superpave Asphaltic Concrete ( mm Thick)	l/ <b>m</b> <sup>2</sup>	8,400 m <sup>2</sup>	$0.59^{5,6}$	0.45 <sup>6</sup>
508-01	Asphaltic Concrete (SMA)	l/Mg	900 Mg	10.01 <sup>3</sup>	0.83
510-02	Pavement Widening	1/m <sup>2</sup>	$2,500 \text{ m}^2$	3.89	1.09
601-01	Portland Cement Concrete Pavement (mm Thick)	1/m <sup>2</sup>	12,500 m <sup>2</sup>	0.5	0.68

- If project has both 203-01 & 203-03, only the item with larger quantity is eligible.
- 2 For fuel adjustment purposes, the term "diesel" shall represent No. 2 or No. 4 fuel oils or any of the liquified petroleum gases, such as propane or butane.
- 3 If natural gas or coal is used instead of diesel for aggregate drying and heating the fuel usage factor shall be 6.97 l/mg.
- 4 If natural gas or coal is used instead of diesel for aggregate drying and heating the fuel usage factor shall be 16.53 l/m<sup>3</sup>.
- 5 If natural gas or coal is used instead of diesel for aggregate drying and heating the fuel usage factor shall be 0.41 l/m<sup>2</sup>.
- 6 Per mm of thickness.
- 7 No fuel adjustment will be allowed for waste oil.

SUPERPAVE ASPHALTIC CONCRETE MIXTURES (11/08): Section 502, Superpave Asphaltic Concrete Mixtures of the 2006 Standard Specifications as amended by the supplemental specifications thereto, is further amended as follows.

Subsection 502.04, Job Mix Formula Validation.

Delete the first sentence of the sixth paragraph and substitute the following.

A JMF is considered validated if the following parameters are 71 percent within limits of the JMF and meet the specifications requirements.

Subsection 502.05, Plant Quality Control.

Delete the first paragraph and substitute the following.

For quality control purposes, the contractor shall obtain a minimum of two (2) samples of mixture from each sublot using a stratified random sampling approach. Test results for theoretical maximum specific gravity ( $G_{mm}$ ) and measured bulk specific gravity ( $G_{mb}$ ) at  $N_{max}$ and percent G<sub>mm</sub> at N<sub>initial</sub>, on samples of each sublot shall be reported. Control charts may be requested by the engineer if mixture problems develop. Quality control gyratory samples may be aged or unaged at the contractor's option, but the method chosen shall be used consistently throughout the project. If aged samples are used, report the measured  $G_{mb}$  at  $N_{max}$ . If unaged samples are used, report the estimated Gmb at Nmax. One loose mix sample shall be taken from each sublot after placement of the mix in the truck. The mix shall be tested by the contractor at the plant for aggregate gradation, asphalt content and percent crushed aggregate. The mix shall be tested in accordance with DOTD TR 309, TR 323 and TR 306. The lot average and standard deviation shall be determined for aggregate gradation and asphalt content. The percent within limits (PWL) shall be determined on the Nos. 8 and 200 (2.36 mm and 75 µm) sieves and for G<sub>mm</sub>. Corrective action shall be taken if these parameters fall below 71 PWL. For each lot, the contractor shall report all quality control data to the DOTD Certified Plant Technician. The full range of gradation mix tolerances will be allowed even if they fall outside the control points. The District Laboratory Engineer may require re-validation of the mix when the average of the Quality Control data indicates non-compliance with the specified limits or tolerances.

Subsection 502.15, Measurement.

Subheading (c), Surface Tolerance Incentive Measurement.

Delete the first paragraph and substitute the following.

At the completion of construction of the project, an independent certified profiler such as that of a private company or the Materials and Testing Section, approved by the Department, shall be used to measure a continuous profile from the start station to the end station of the construction project for the purpose of determining qualification for incentive pay under Subsection 502.16(e). Bridges and 300 feet (90 m) on each end of the bridge will be excluded from measurements for surface tolerance incentive pay.

Delete Table 502-7A, Payment Adjustment Schedule for Plant Acceptance and substitute the following.

Table 502-7A
Payment Adjustment Schedule for Plant Acceptance

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Air Voids PWL (90 AQL)	Percent Payment
71-100	100
61-70	90
51-60	80
≤50	50 or Remove <sup>1</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>At the option of the Department after investigation.

Delete Table 502-7B, Payment Adjustment Schedule for Roadway Density and substitute the following.

#### Table 502-7B

Payment Adjustment Schedule for Roadway Density

Roadway Density PWL (90 AQL)	Percent Payment
99-100	102
81-98	100
71-80	95
51-70	80
≤50	50 or Remove <sup>1</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>At the option of the Department after investigation.

Delete Table 502-8A, Payment Adjustment Schedules for Longitudinal Surface Tolerance, Maximum International Roughness Index, inches per mile (mm per km) and substitute the following.

## Table 502-8A Payment Adjustment Schedules for Longitudinal Surface Tolerance, Maximum International Roughness Index, inches per mile (mm per km)

Percent of Contract Unit Price (by Sublot) <sup>1</sup>	102%²	100%	90%	80%	50% or Remove <sup>3</sup>
Category A All Interstates, Multi-Lift New Construction and Overlays of More than two Lifts	<45 (<710)	<65 (<1030)	65-75 (1030-1180)	NA	>75 (>1180)
Category B One or Two Lift Overlays Over Cold Planed Surfaces, and Two-Lift Overlays Over Existing Surfaces <sup>4</sup>	<55 (<870)	<75 (<1180)	75-89 (1180-1400)	NA	>89 (>1400)
Category C Single-Lift Overlays Over Existing Surfaces <sup>4</sup>	N/A	<85 (<1340)	85-95 (1340-1500)	>95-110 (>1500-1740)	>110 (>1740)
Longitudinal Surface Tolerance Incentive Pay, Final Completion, Average of All Travel Lanes <sup>5</sup>			≤ 45 (≤ 710	)	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Or portion of sublot placed on the project.

Delete Table 502-8B, Individual Wheelpath Deficient Area Limits, Maximum International Roughness Index, Inches per Mile (mm per km) and substitute the following.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Maximum payment for sublots with exception areas, exclusions or grinding is 100 percent, unless the excluded area is a bridge end.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>At the option of the engineer.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Existing surfaces include reconstructed bases without profile grade control.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Only Category A projects are eligible for incentive. However, any grinding except within 300 feet (90 m) of a bridge end will cause the roadway to be ineligible for surface tolerance incentive pay. Measurements must be verified by an independent entity.

#### **Table 502-8B**

### **Individual Wheelpath Deficient Area Limits**

Maximum International Roughness Index, inches per mile (mm per km)

Any 0.05 Mile (0.08 km) Segment	Wearing Course	Binder Course
Category A	89 (1400)	130 (2050)
Category B	99 (1560)	150 (2370)
Category C	N/A	N/A

**ASPHALT MATERIALS AND ADDITIVES (04/08):** Section 1002 of the 2006 Standard Specifications and the supplemental specifications thereto is amended as follows.

Subsection 1002.02, Asphalt Material Additives is amended as follows.

Table 1002-1, Performance Graded Asphalt Cements is deleted and the following substituted.

### **Table 1002-1**

**Performance Graded Asphalt Cements** 

Dranarty	AASHTO Test	PG82-22rm <sup>6</sup>	PG76-22m	PG70-22m	PG64-22	PG58-28
Property	Method	Spec.	Spec.	Spec.	Spec.	Spec.
Tests on Original Binder:						
Rotational Viscosity @ 135°C, Pa·s 1	T 316	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Dynamic Shear, 10 rad/s,	T 315	1.00+	1.00+	1.00+	1.30+	1.00+
G*/Sin Delta, kPa		@ 82°C	@ 76°C	@ 70°C	@ 64°C	@ 58°C
Flash Point, °C	T 48	232+	232+	232+	232+	232+
Solubility, % <sup>2</sup>	T 44	N/A	99.0+	99.0+	99.0+	99.0+
Separation of Polymer, 163°C, 48 hours, degree C difference in R & B from top to bottom <sup>5</sup>	ASTM D 7173 AASHTO T 53		2-	2-		
Force Ductility Ratio $(f_2/f_1, 4^{\circ}C, 5 \text{ cm/min.}, f_2 @ 30 \text{ cm elongation})^3$			0.30+			
Force Ductility, (4°C, 5 cm/min, 30 cm elongation, kg) <sup>3</sup>				0.23+		
Tests on Rolling Thin Film Oven Residue:	T 240					
Mass loss, %	T 240	1.00-	1.00-	1.00-	1.00-	1.00-
Dynamic Shear, 10 rad/s,	T 315	2.20+	2.20+	2.20+	2.20+	2.20+
G*/Sin Delta, kPa		@ 82°C	@76°C	@ 70°C	@ 64°C	@ 58°C
Elastic Recovery, 25°C, 10 cm elongation, % <sup>4</sup>	T 301	60+	60+	40+		
Ductility, 25°C, 5 cm/min, cm	T 51				100+	
Tests on Pressure Aging Vessel Residue:						
Dynamic Shear, @ 25°C, 10 rad/s, G* Sin Delta, kPa	T 315	5000-	5000-	5000-	5000-	5000- @ 19°C
Bending Beam Creep Stiffness, S, MPa @ -12°C.	Т 313	300-	300-	300-	300-	300- @ -18°C
Bending Beam Creep Slope, m value,@ -12°C	T 313	0.300+	0.300+	0.300+	0.300+	0.300+ @ -18°C

The rotational viscosity will be measured to determine product uniformity. The rotational viscosity measured by the supplier shall be noted on the Certificate of Delivery. A binder having a rotational viscosity of 3.0 Pa·s or less will typically have adequate mixing and pumping capabilities. Binders with rotational viscosity values higher than 3.0 Pa·s should be used with caution and only after consulting with the supplier as to any special handling procedures and guarantees of mixing and pumping capabilities.

Not all polymers are soluble in the specified solvents. If the polymer modified asphalt digested in the solvent will not pass the filter media, a sample of the base asphalt used in making the

polymer modified asphalt should be tested for solubility. If the solubility of the base asphalt is at least 99.0%, the material will be considered as passing.

<sup>3</sup>AASHTO T 300 except the second peak (f2) is defined as the stress at 30 cm elongation.

Add the following Table 1002-12, Anionic Trackless Tack Coat Grade NTSS-1HM.

Table 1002-12 Anionic Trackless Tack Coat Grade NTSS-1HM

	AASHTO	Specification	on Deviation
Property	Test Method	100% Pay	50% Pay or Remove
Viscosity, Saybolt Furol @ 25°C, s	T 59	15 - 100	
Storage Stability, 24 Hour, %	T 59	1.0-	
Settlement, 5 Days, %	T 59	5.0-	
Residue by Distillation, %	T 59	50+	49-
Oil Distillate, %	T 59	1.0-	
Sieve Test <sup>2</sup> , (Retained on the 850 μm), %	T 59	0.3-	
Tests on Residue			
Penetration @ 25°C, 100g, 5s, dmm	T 49	20-	
Softening Point, Ring and Ball, °C	T 53	65+	64-
Solubility, %	T 44	97.5+	
DSR @ 25°C; G*Sin δ, 10 rad / s, kPa	T 315	1.0+	

At the option of Engineer.

ITEM NS-500-00200, RUMBLE STRIPS (GROUND-IN)(04/01): This item consists of cutting 1/2 inch (13 mm) deep depressions into asphaltic concrete shoulders in accordance with plan details, this special provision, and as directed.

The cutting tool shall be equipped with a rotary type cutting head and a power unit. The cutting head shall have the cutting tips arranged in a pattern to provide a relatively smooth cut (approximately 1/16 inch (1.5 mm) between peaks and valleys). The cutting head shall be suspended independently from the power unit to allow the cutting head to self-align with the slope of the shoulder and any irregularities in the shoulder surface. The cutting tool shall be equipped with guides to provide a consistent alignment of each cut in relation to the roadway and to provide uniformity and consistency throughout the project.

The rumble strips shall be cut into the finished shoulders after the final wearing course has been placed.

Solid residue resulting from cutting operations shall be removed from pavement and shoulder surfaces by the contractor before such residue is blown by traffic or wind.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>AASHTO T 301 except elongation shall be 10 cm.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Prepare samples per ASTM D 7173. Determine softening point of top and bottom per AASHTO T 53.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>The quality assurance plan for this product will require the contractors who use this material to submit written documentation of tank cleaning annually. Contractors must have tank mixers. Written certificates of analysis from the asphalt binder supplier confirming rubber source and size distribution of rubber used shall be furnished to the Materials Laboratory.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Sieve tests may be waived if no application problems are present in the field.

The contractor shall demonstrate to the project engineer the ability to achieve the desired surface inside each depression without tearing or snagging the asphalt prior to beginning the work.

Acceptance measurements will be performed by the Department on a random basis to ensure conformance with the specifications.

Rumble strips (ground-in) will be measured by the mile (km), plan quantity, constructed and accepted in accordance with these specifications. The plan quantity is based on the roadway length minus bridge lengths for each shoulder on which ground-in rumble strips are constructed.

Payment for rumble strips (ground-in) will be made at the contract unit price in accordance with Subsection 109.02.

Payment will be made under:

Item NS-500-00200, Rumble Strips (Ground-in), per mile (km).

ITEMS NS-700-00140, FLEXIBLE POST TRAFFIC DELINEATORS (D0202/17): These items consist of furnishing and installing approved flexible post traffic delineators in accordance with plan details and the following requirements.

Delineators shall have a flexible or jointed base allowing all bending upon impact or runover to occur at the base. Delineators shall be capable of withstanding repeated impacts and runovers without breakage or severe deformation and shall be approved by the Department prior to installation. Delineators shall be orange in color and shall display a minimum of 36 square inches (22,500 sq mm) of yellow reflective sheeting, both front and rear. Reflective sheeting shall be reboundable Type III conforming to Subsection 1015.05. Delineators shall be of a uniform height (32 inches (800 mm) minimum) from the roadway surface to the top of the delineator and 3 1/2 inches (90 mm) minimum width facing traffic.

The adhesive shall be an approved bituminous adhesive conforming to Subsection 1015.09(c)(2) applied in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

Payment for flexible post traffic delineators will be made at the contract unit price per each under:

Item NS-700-00140, Flexible Post Traffic Delineators, per each.

**CONTRACT TIME (03/05):** The entire contract shall be completed in all details and ready for final acceptance in accordance with Subsection 105.17(b) within THIRTY (30) working days.

Prior to assessment of contract time, the contractor will be allowed 30 calendar days from the date stipulated in the Notice to Proceed to commence with portions of the contract work including but not limited to assembly periods, preparatory work for materials fabrications such as test piles, or other activities which hinder progress in the beginning stages of construction. Prior to issuance of the Notice to Proceed, the Department will consider extending the assembly period upon written request from the contractor justifying the need for additional time.

The contractor shall be responsible for maintenance of traffic from the beginning of the assembly period. During the assembly period, the contractor will be allowed to do patching and other maintenance work necessary to maintain the roadway with no time charges when approved by the engineer.

If the contractor begins regular construction operations prior to expiration of the assembly period, the assessment of contract time will commence at the time construction operations are begun.

## LOUISIANA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AND DEVELOPMENT SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

(FOR 2006 STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS)

### TABLE OF CONTENTS

### **PART I – GENERAL PROVISIONS**

SECTION 101 – GENERAL INFORMATION, DEFINITIONS, AND TERMS	
Subsection 101.03 – Definitions	1
SECTION 102 – BIDDING REQUIREMENTS	
Subsection 102.09 – Proposal / Bid Guaranty	1
SECTION 107 – LEGAL RELATIONS AND RESPONSIBILITY TO PUBLIC	
Subsection 107.05 – Federal Aid Participation	2
SECTION 108 – PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS	
Subsection 108.04 – Prosecution of Work	2
PART II – EARTHWORK	
SECTION 202 – REMOVING OR RELOCATING	
STRUCTURES AND OBSTRUCTIONS	
Subsection 202.06 – Plugging or Relocating Existing Water Wells	2
PART III – BASE COURSES	
SECTION 302 – CLASS II BASE COURSE	
Subsection 302.05 – Mixing	2
SECTION 305 – SUBGRADE LAYER	
Subsection 305.06 – Payment	2
SECTION 307 – PERMEABLE BASES	
Subsection 307.02 – Materials	3
SECTION 308 – IN-PLACE CEMENT TREATED BASE COURSE	2
All Subsections	3
PART V – ASPHALTIC PAVEMENTS	
SECTION 502 – SUPERPAVE ASPHALTIC CONCRETE MIXTURES	
Subsection 502.02 – Materials	3
Subsection 502.14 Lot Sizes	4
SECTION 508 – STONE MATRIX ASPHALT	
Subsection 508.01 – Description	5
Subsection 508.02 – Materials	5
Supplemental Specifications – Table of Contents (08/08)	

### PART VI – RIGID PAVEMENT

SECTION 602 PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE PAVEMENT REHABILITATION	
Subsection 602.17 – Payment	5
PART VII – INCIDENTAL CONSTRUCTION	
SECTION 701 – CULVERTS AND STORM DRAINS	
All Subsections	5
	1.6
Subsection 704.03 – General Construction Requirements	
All Subsections	
SECTION 713 – TEMPORARY TRAFFIC CONTROL	10
Subsection 713.06 – Pavement Markings	18
SECTION 729 - TRAFFIC SIGNS AND DEVICES	
Subsection 729.02 – Materials	19
Subsection 729.04 – Fabrication of Sign Panels and Markers	20
PART VIII – STRUCTURES	
SECTION 804 – DRIVEN PILES	
Subsection 804.08 – Construction Requirements	20
PART IX – PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE	
SECTION 901 - PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE	
Subsection 901.06 – Quality Control of Concrete	20
Subsection 901.08 – Composition of Concrete	
PART X – MATERIALS	
SECTION 1001 – HYDRAULIC CEMENT	
Subsection 1001.01 – Portland Cement	21
SECTION 1003 – AGGREGATES	
Subsection 1003.02 – Aggregates for Portland Cement Concrete and Mortar	
SECTION 1005 – JOINT MATERIALS FOR PAVEMENTS AND STRUCTUR	
Subsection 1005.04 – Combination Joint Former/Sealer	22
SECTION 1006 – CONCRETE AND PLASTIC PIPE Subsection 1006.09 – Plastic Yard Drain Pipe	22
Subsection 1000.09 - Flastic Faid Diam Fipe	23

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## LOUISIANA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AND DEVELOPMENT SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

The 2006 Louisiana Standard Specifications for Roads and Bridges and supplemental specifications thereto are amended as follows.

### PART I – GENERAL PROVISIONS

### **SECTION 101 – GENERAL INFORMATION, DEFINITIONS, AND TERMS:**

Subsection 101.03 – Definitions (07/07), Pages 3 - 13).

Delete the definition for "Proposal/Bid Guaranty" and substitute the following.

Proposal / Bid Guaranty. The required security furnished with a bid. The only form of security acceptable is a Bid Bond.

### **SECTION 102 – BIDDING REQUIREMENTS:**

Subsection 102.09 – Proposal / Bid Guaranty (07/07), Page 19.

Delete the contents of this subsection and substitute the following.

PROPOSAL/BID GUARANTY. Each bid shall be accompanied by a proposal/bid guaranty in an amount not less than five percent of the total bid amount when the bidder's total bid amount as calculated by the Department in accordance with Subsection 103.01 is greater than \$50,000. No proposal/bid guaranty is required for projects when the bidder's total bid amount as calculated by the Department is \$50,000 or less. The official total bid amount for projects that include alternates is the total of the bidder's base bid and all alternates bid on and accepted by the Department. The proposal/bid guaranty submitted by the bidder shall be a bid bond made payable to the contracting agency as specified on the bid bond form provided in the construction proposal. No other form of security will be accepted.

The bid bond shall be on the "Bid Bond" form provided in the construction proposal, on a form that is materially the same in all respects to the "Bid Bond" form provided, or on an electronic form that has received Department approval prior to submission. The bid bond shall be filled in completely, shall be signed by an authorized officer, owner or partner of the bidding entity, or each entity representing a joint venture; shall be signed by the surety's agent or attorney-in-fact; and shall be accompanied by a notarized document granting general power of attorney to the surety's signer. The bid bond shall not contain any provisions that limit the face amount of the bond.

The bid bond will be written by a surety or insurance company that is in good standing and currently licensed to write surety bonds in the State of Louisiana by the Louisiana Department of Insurance and also conform to the requirements of LSA-R.S. 48:253.

All signatures required on the bid bond may be original, mechanical reproductions, facsimiles or electronic. Electronic bonds issued in conjunction with electronic bids must have written Departmental approval prior to use. The Department will make a listing of approved electronic sureties providers on the Bidx.com site.

### Supplemental Specifications (August 2008) Page 2 of 30

### SECTION 107 - LEGAL RELATIONS AND RESPONSIBILITY TO PUBLIC:

Subsection 107.05 – Federal Aid Participation (04/08), Pages 57 and 58.

Delete the second paragraph.

### **SECTION 108 – PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS:**

Subsection 108.04 – Prosecution of Work (03/05) Pages 74 and 75.

Add the following sentence to the third paragraph of Heading (b).

Should the surety or the Department take over prosecution of the work, the contractor shall remain disqualified for a period of one year from the completion of the project, unless debarment proceedings are instituted.

When the Department of Transportation and Development is not the contracting agency on the project, the second paragraph under Heading (c) is deleted.

### PART II – EARTHWORK

### SECTION 202 – REMOVING OR RELOCATING STRUCTURES AND OBSTRUCTIONS:

Subsection 202.06 – Plugging or Relocating Existing Water Wells (03/04), Page 105.

Delete the first sentence and substitute the following.

All abandoned wells shall be plugged and sealed at the locations shown on the plans, or as directed by the engineer, in accordance with the "Water Well Rules, Regulations, and Standards, State of Louisiana." This document is available at the Department of Transportation and Development, Water Resources Section, P. O. Box 94245, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804-9245. The Water Resource Section's telephone number is (225) 274-4172.

#### PART III – BASE COURSES

### **SECTION 302 – CLASS II BASE COURSE:**

Subsection 302.05 – Mixing (08/06), Pages 152 and 153.

Delete the first sentence of Subheading (b)(1), In-Place Mixing, and substitute the following.

In-place mixing shall conform to Heading (a)(1) except that the percentage of Type I portland cement required will be 6 percent by volume.

### **SECTION 305 – SUBGRADE LAYER:**

Subsection 305.06 – Payment (01/08), Page 184.

Delete the contents of this subsection and substitute the following.

305.06 Payment. Payment for subgrade layer will be made at the contract unit price which includes lime, lime treatment, cement, cement treatment, water, stone, recycled portland cement concrete, crushed slag, blended calcium sulfate, asphaltic concrete, and asphalt curing membrane or prime coat, subject to the payment adjustment provisions of Section 1002 for specification deviations of asphalt materials and Subsection 303.11(a) for density deficiencies of cement treated materials. Adjustments in pay for increase or decrease in the percent cement ordered by the engineer will be in accordance with Subsection 303.13. Adjustments in pay for

### Supplemental Specifications (August 2008) Page 3 of 30

increase or decrease in the percent lime ordered by the engineer will be based on the price of lime shown on paid invoices (total of all charges). The Materials and Testing Section will provide the payment adjustment percentage for properties of asphalt materials.

Payment for geotextile fabric will be included in the contract unit price for subgrade layer.

Payment will be made under:

Item No.	Pay I	Pay Item	
305-01	Subgrade Layer	in (mm) Thick	Square Yard (Sq m)

#### **SECTION 307 – PERMEABLE BASES:**

Subsection 307.02 – Materials (09/07), Pages 187 and 188.

Delete the contents of Subheading (b), Asphalt, and substitute the following.

(b) Asphalt: The asphalt for asphalt treated permeable base shall be an approved polymer modified asphalt cement, PG 76-22m, or PG 82-22rm complying with Section 1002. The percentage of asphalt cement shall be 2.0 percent to 4.0 percent by weight (mass) of the total mixture. Asphalt cement content and mixing process shall be such that all aggregates are visibly coated. The mixture shall retain 90 percent coating when tested in accordance with DOTD TR 317.

A job mix formula shall be submitted and approved in accordance with Section 502.

### **SECTION 308 – IN-PLACE CEMENT TREATED BASE COURSE:**

All Subsections within Section 308 - (07/07), Pages 191 - 198.

Whenever the reference to "DOTD TR-432, Method D" is used, it shall mean "DOTD TR-432".

#### PART V – ASPHALTIC PAVEMENTS

#### SECTION 502 – SUPERPAVE ASPHALTIC CONCRETE MIXTURES:

Subsection 502.02 - Materials (08/06) (11/07), Pages 210 - 213.

Delete Table 502-2, Superpave Asphalt Cement Usage under Subheading (a) and substitute the following.

### Supplemental Specifications (August 2008) Page 4 of 30

Table 502-2 Superpave Asphalt Cement Usage

Current Traffic Load Level	Mixture Type	Grade of Asphalt Cement
	Wearing Course	PG 70-22m
Level 1	Binder Course	PG 70-22m
	Base Course	PG 64-22
Level 2	Wearing Course	PG 76-22m
Level 2	Binder Course	PG 76-22m
Level A	Incidental Paving	PG 70-22m

Note: A PG 82-22 rm, Waste Tire Rubber Modified Asphalt, may be substituted for any other grade of asphalt cement.

Delete Table 502-3, Aggregate Friction Rating under Subheading (c)(1) and substitute the following.

Table 502-3
Aggregate Friction Rating

Friction Rating	Allowable Usage	
Ι	All mixtures	
II	All mixtures	
III	All mixtures, except travel lane wearing courses with plan ADT greater than 7000 <sup>1</sup>	
IV	All mixtures, except travel lane wearing courses <sup>2</sup>	

When plan current average daily traffic (ADT) is greater than 7000, blending of Friction Rating III aggregates and Friction Rating I and/or II aggregates will be allowed for travel lane wearing courses at the following percentages. At least 30 percent by weight (mass) of the total aggregates shall have a Friction Rating of I, or at least 50 percent by weight (mass) of the total aggregate shall have a Friction Rating of II. The frictional aggregates used to obtain the required percentages shall not have more than 10 percent passing the No. 8 (2.36 mm) sieve.

### Subsection 502.14 – Lot Sizes (11/07), Pages 232 and 233.

Delete the first sentence of the first paragraph and substitute the following.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> When the average daily traffic (ADT) is less than 2500, blending of Friction Rating IV aggregates with Friction Rating I and/or II aggregates will be allowed for travel lane wearing courses at the following percentages. At least 50 percent by weight (mass) of the total aggregate in the mixture shall have a Friction Rating of I or II. The frictional aggregates used to obtain the required percentages shall not have more than 10 percent passing the No. 8 (2.36 mm) sieve.

A lot is a segment of continuous production of asphaltic concrete mixture from the same job mix formula produced for the Department at a specific plant, delivered to a specific DOTD project.

#### SECTION 508 - STONE MATRIX ASPHALT:

Subsection 508.01 – Description (09/07), Page 274.

Delete this subsection and substitute the following.

508.01 DESCRIPTION. This work consists of furnishing and constructing Stone Matrix Asphalt (SMA) which is a plant mixed asphalt concrete wearing course for high traffic applications. This mixture is a rut resistant hot mix design with stone on stone contact. The mixture shall be composed of a PG 76-22m, or PG 82-22rm asphalt cement and a gap graded coarse aggregate structure. Mineral filler and/or fibers shall be used to control draindown. This work shall be in accordance with these specifications, plan details, and as directed. All requirements of Section 502 apply to Stone Matrix Asphalt, except as modified herein. All plant and paving equipment and processes must meet the requirements of Section 503.

Mixture used for shoulder may be Stone Matrix Asphalt or any mixture type shown in Table 502-5.

### <u>Subsection 508.02 – Materials (09/07), Page 274.</u>

Delete the contents of subheading (a), Asphalt Cement and substitute the following.

(a) Asphalt Cement: Asphalt cement shall be PG 76-22m, or PG 82-22rm as listed on QPL 41 and complying with Section 1002.

### PART VI – RIGID PAVEMENT

### SECTION 602 – PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE PAVEMENT REHABILITATION:

Subsection 602.17 - Payment (09/07), Pages 341 - 344.

Delete the last paragraph of Subheadings (d), Full Depth Corner Patching of Jointed Concrete Pavement, (e) Full Depth Patching of Jointed Concrete Pavement, and (g) Patching Continuously Reinforced Concrete Pavement, and substitute the following.

Payment for deteriorated base course removed as directed by the engineer and replaced with concrete will be made as follows: The value per inch (mm) thickness will be determined by dividing the contract unit price per square yard (sq m) by the plan thickness. Thickness of patches will be measured from the surface that exists at the time of patching. Payment for the additional thickness will be made at 50 percent of the value per inch (mm) thus determined.

### PART VII – INCIDENTAL CONSTRUCTION

#### **SECTION 701 – CULVERTS AND STORM DRAINS:**

All Subsections within Section 701 (08/07), Pages 347 – 358.

Delete Section 701, Culverts and Storm Drains and substitute the following.

### Supplemental Specifications (August 2008) Page 6 of 30

### SECTION 701 CULVERTS AND STORM DRAINS

701.01 DESCRIPTION. This work consists of furnishing, installing, and cleaning pipe, pipe arch, storm drains and sewers, also referred to as culverts or conduit, in accordance with these specifications and in conformity with lines and grades shown on the plans or established.

701.02 MATERIALS. Materials shall comply with the following sections and subsections:

Usable Soil	203.06(a)
Selected Soil	203.06(b)
Plastic Soil Blanket	203.10
Mortar	702.02
Flowable Fill	710
Portland Cement Concrete	901
Reclaimed Asphaltic Pavement (RAP)	1003.01 & 1003.04(d)
Stone	1003.03(b)
Recycled Portland Cement Concrete	1003.03(c)
Granular Material	1003.07
Bedding Material	1003.08
Concrete Sewer Pipe	1006.02
Reinforced Concrete Pipe	1006.03
Reinforced Concrete Pipe Arch	1006.04
Gasket Materials	1006.06
Plastic Pipe	1006.07
Split Plastic Coupling Bands	1006.07(d)(4)
Plastic Yard Drain Pipe	1006.09
Bituminous Coated Corrugated Steel Pipe and	
Pipe Arch	1007.02
Structural Plate for Pipe, Pipe Arch and Arch	1007.04
Corrugated Aluminum Pipe and Pipe Arch	1007.05
Coupling Bands	1007.09
Reinforcing Steel	1009
Geotextile Fabric	1019

- (a) Side Drain Pipe or Side Drain Pipe Arch: When the item for Side Drain Pipe or Side Drain Pipe Arch is included in the contract, the contractor has the option of furnishing reinforced concrete pipe or reinforced concrete pipe arch, corrugated metal pipe or corrugated metal pipe arch, or plastic pipe, as allowed by EDSM II.2.1.1 or unless otherwise specified.
- (b) Cross Drain Pipe or Cross Drain Pipe Arch: When the item for Cross Drain Pipe or Cross Drain Pipe Arch is included in the contract, the contractor has the option of furnishing reinforced concrete pipe or reinforced concrete pipe arch, corrugated metal pipe or corrugated metal pipe arch, or plastic pipe, as allowed by EDSM II.2.1.1 or unless otherwise specified.

- (c) Storm Drain Pipe or Storm Drain Pipe Arch: When the item for Storm Drain Pipe or Storm Drain Pipe Arch is included in the contract, the contractor has the option of furnishing reinforced concrete pipe or reinforced concrete pipe arch, or plastic pipe, as allowed by EDSM II.2.1.1 or unless otherwise specified.
- (d) Yard Drain Pipe: When the item for Yard Drain Pipe is included in the contract, the contractor has the option of furnishing concrete sewer pipe, plastic yard drain pipe or plastic pipe in accordance with Section 1006 unless otherwise specified.
  - (e) Material Type Abbreviations:
    - (1) Reinforced Concrete Pipe:

RCP Reinforced Concrete Pipe RCPA Reinforced Concrete Pipe Arch

(2) Corrugated Metal Pipe:

CAP Corrugated Aluminum Pipe CAPA Corrugated Aluminum Pipe Arch

CMP Corrugated Metal Pipe
CMPA Corrugated Metal Pipe Arch

CSP Corrugated Steel Pipe CSPA Corrugated Steel Pipe Arch

BCCSP Bituminous Coated Corrugated Steel Pipe
BCCSPA Bituminous Coated Corrugated Steel Pipe Arch

(3) Plastic Pipe:

PP Plastic Pipe

PVCP Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe

RPVCP Ribbed Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe

CPEPDW Corrugated Polyethylene Pipe Double Wall

(f) Joint Type Abbreviations:

T1 Type 1 Joint T2 Type 2 Joint T3 Type 3 Joint

(g) Quality Assurance for Pipe: Manufacturing plants will be periodically inspected for compliance with specified manufacturing methods, and material samples will be randomly obtained for laboratory testing for verification of manufacturing lots. Materials approved at the manufacturing plant will be subject to visual acceptance inspections at the jobsite or point of delivery.

701.03 EXCAVATION. For all pipe, when the sides of the trench are stable as evidenced by the sides of the trench being able to maintain a vertical cut face, the minimum trench width at the bottom of the excavation will be 18 inches (460mm) on either side of the outside diameter of the pipe. If the sides of the trench are unstable, the width of the trench at the bottom of the excavation, for plastic or metal pipe, shall be a minimum width of at least 18 inches (460mm) or one pipe diameter on each side of the outside diameter of the pipe, which ever is greater. Surplus material or excavated material that does not conform to the requirements of Subsection 203.06(a) shall be satisfactorily disposed of in accordance with Subsection 202.02. Moisture controls

### **Supplemental Specifications (August 2008) Page 8 of 30**

including backfill materials selection and dewatering using sumps, wells, well points or other approved processes may be necessary to control excess moisture during excavation, installation of bedding, over-excavated trench backfilling, pipe placement and pipe backfill.

(a) Over-excavation: When unsuitable soils as defined in Subsection 203.04 or a stable, non-yielding foundation cannot be obtained at the established pipe grade, or at the grade established for placement of the bedding, unstable or unsuitable soils below this grade shall be removed and replaced with granular material meeting the requirements of Subsection 1003.07, bedding materials meeting the requirements of Subsection 1003.08 or Type A backfill. All granular, backfill materials placed below the established pipe or bedding grade shall be placed in lifts not exceeding 8 inches (200 mm) thick and sufficiently compacted by hand or a dynamic mechanical hand compaction device over the surface of each lift to form a stable, non-yielding foundation at the surface of the established bedding or pipe grade.

When rock is encountered, it shall be removed below grade and replaced with material complying with Subsection 1003.07, bedding materials meeting the requirements of Subsection 1003.08 or Type A backfill. The compacted earth cushion shall have a thickness under the pipe of at least 1/2 inch per foot (40 mm/m) of fill height over the top of the pipe with a minimum thickness of 8 inches (200 mm). All granular, backfill materials placed below the established pipe or bedding grade shall be placed in lifts not exceeding 8 inches (200 mm) thick and sufficiently compacted by hand or a dynamic mechanical hand operated compaction device over the surface of each lift to form a stable, non-yielding foundation at the surface of the established bedding or pipe grade.

Materials used to backfill in an over-excavated portion of a trench do not require encasement in a Geotextile Fabric.

Density of approved materials placed in over-excavated trenches will not be measured or determined.

701.04 FORMING PIPE BED. Bedding material, when specified, shall be constructed in accordance with Section 726. Materials allowed for bedding shall be as specified in Subsection 1003.08 or may be Type A backfill materials. When bedding materials are specified, additional excavation shall be performed below established pipe grade and the bedding material placed in lifts not exceeding 8 inches (200 mm) thick and lightly compacted by hand or a dynamic hand compaction device over the surface of each lift.

When the bottom of the pipe is not laid in a trench but is constructed above natural soils, a uniform bed shall be constructed as specified for the bottom of a trench.

Density of approved bedding materials will not be measured or determined.

701.05 LAYING PIPE. Pipe laying shall begin at the downstream end of the line. The pipe shall be in contact with the foundation throughout its length. Bell or groove ends of pipe and outside circumferential laps of riveted metal pipe shall be placed facing upstream. Riveted seam metal pipe shall be placed with longitudinal laps at sides. Pipes in each continuous line shall have the same wall thickness. Metal pipes provided with lifting lugs shall be handled only by these lugs.

After pipe has been laid and before backfill is placed, the engineer will inspect the pipe for alignment, grade, integrity of joints, and coating damage.

### 701.06 JOINING PIPE.

- (a) Joint Usage:
- (1) Type 1 (T1) joints shall be used for side drains under drives and similar installations.
- (2) Type 2 (T2) joints shall be used for cross drains under roadways, including turnouts.
- (3) Type 3 (T3) joints shall be used for closed storm drain systems, flumes and siphons.
- (b) Concrete Pipe: Concrete pipe may be either bell and spigot, or tongue and groove. The method of joining pipe sections shall be such that ends are fully entered and inner surfaces are flush and even.

An approved mechanical pipe puller shall be used for joining pipes over 36 inches (900 mm) in diameter. For pipe 36 inches (900 mm) or less in diameter, any approved method for joining pipe may be used which does not damage the pipe.

Joints shall comply with Subsection 1006.05, and shall be sealed with gasket material installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

(c) Metal Pipe: Metal pipe shall be firmly joined by coupling bands. Bands shall be centered over the joint.

For Type 1 joints, approved gasket material shall be placed in one corrugation recess on each side of the joint at the coupling band and on each band connection in such manner to prevent leakage.

When Type 2 or 3 joints are specified, joining of metal pipe sections shall conform to the following provisions:

- (1) General: Band joints shall be sealed with gasket material. Gasket material shall be placed in accordance with the plan details.
- (2) Circular Section: Connecting bands shall be of an approved design and shall be installed in accordance with plan details.
- (3) Arch Section: Connecting bands shall be a minimum of 12 inches (300 mm) wide for pipe arch less than 36 inches (900 mm) round equivalent diameter, and a minimum of 21 inches (525 mm) wide for 36 inches (900 mm) round equivalent diameter pipe arch and greater. Bands shall be connected at the ends by approved angle or strap connections. Connecting bands used for 36 inches (900 mm) round equivalent diameter pipe arch and above shall be 2-piece bands.
- (d) Plastic Pipe: Joints for plastic pipe shall be either bell and spigot or split coupling bands.
- (1) Bell and Spigot Type Joint System: The method of joining pipe sections shall be such that ends are fully entered and inner surfaces are flush and even.

Any approved method for joining pipe may be used which does not damage the pipe.

Joints shall be approved and shall be sealed with a gasket system utilizing gasket material complying with Subsection 1006.06(a).

### Supplemental Specifications (August 2008) Page 10 of 30

(2) Split Coupling Type Joint System: Split coupling bands shall comply with all dimensional and material requirements of Subsection 1006.07. The bands shall be centered over the joint. The split coupling band shall be secured to the pipe with a minimum of five stainless steel or other approved corrosion resistant bands.

Joints shall be approved and shall be sealed with gasket material. Gasket material shall be placed in the first two corrugation recesses on each side of the pipe connections. Gasket material shall also be placed on each band connection to prevent leakage. When flexible plastic gasket material is used it shall be a minimum of 1/2 inch (13 mm) in size. The bands shall be tightened to create overlap of the band and shall adequately compress the gasket material.

- (e) Connections: Approved connections shall be used when joining new pipes to existing pipes. When concrete collars are required in order to extend the ends of existing pipes that have been damaged or to join different types or sizes of pipes, the concrete collars shall be constructed in accordance with plan details, the applicable requirements of Section 901, and as directed.
- (f) Geotextile Fabric, Pipe Joints: For concrete, metal and plastic pipes, Types 2 and 3 joints shall be wrapped with geotextile fabric for a minimum of 12 inches (300 mm) on each side of joint for pipe 36 inches (900 mm) or less in diameter and a minimum of 18 inches (450 mm) on each side of the joint for pipe greater than 36 inches (900 mm) in diameter. Ends of the fabric shall be lapped at least 10 inches (250 mm). The edges and ends of fabric shall be suitably secured for the entire circumference of the pipe.

701.07 RELAYING PIPE. If specified or directed, existing pipes shall be removed and suitable sections relaid as specified for new pipes.

### 701.08 BACKFILLING.

(a) General: Prior to backfilling, pipes found to be damaged or out of alignment or grade shall be removed and reinstalled, or replaced.

Type A backfill material shall be stone, recycled portland cement concrete, flowable fill, or RAP.

Type B backfill materials are selected soils. Where Type B backfill materials are called for, Type A backfill materials may be substituted.

When corrugated metal pipe is used, the backfill material shall be tested and shall have a resistivity greater than 1500 ohm-cm and a pH greater than 5 when tested in accordance with DOTD TR 429 and DOTD TR 430 respectively.

When Type A backfill material is used, geotextile fabric surrounding this backfill shall be placed in accordance with Subsection 726.03 between the aggregate backfill material and all other natural or placed soils in the trench or embankment. Care shall be taken to prevent damage to geotextile fabric during placement of backfill material. For concrete pipe, the fabric shall enclose not only the initial backfill but shall be wrapped over the top of the pipe with at least 12 inches (300 mm) of overlap.

When a trench box or trench sheeting is used in unstable soils and/or for worker safety, and when moved during backfilling operations, filling and additional compaction of the disturbed zone of backfill must take place immediately and in a manner acceptable to the engineer.

Initial backfill is a structural backfill encasing the pipe from the bottom of the pipe to the springline for concrete pipe and to a point one foot (0.3 m) above the top of the pipe for both metal and plastic pipe. Final backfill is not a structural backfill and shall extend from the top of the initial backfill to the top of the natural ground or subgrade in cut areas or to the top of existing ground in fill areas. Any fill required above the final backfill is considered and treated as embankment.

- (b) Backfill Applications: For projects using A+B+C bidding method where rigid and flexible pavement alternates are considered, backfill application (2) below, "Cross Drains Under Flexible Pavements", shall apply for either rigid or flexible pavements.
- (1) Under Concrete Pavements: Type B backfill may be used as initial and final backfill for all pipes, culverts or drains under concrete pavements. Placement and compaction shall be as specified in Heading (d) below.
- (2) Cross Drains Under Flexible Pavements: All reaches, exclusive of those portions of the pipe which are under shoulders, of cross drains and all other culverts, pipes or drains that cross the centerlines of the new roadway or centerlines of existing roadways, such as intersections and are under flexible pavements shall receive an initial backfill of Type A material. Type B backfill materials may be used as final backfill for all pipes. Placement and compaction shall be as specified in Heading (c) and (d) below. Where the subgrade is above existing ground, embankment material as specified for the remainder of the project shall be used from the top of the final backfill to the top of the established embankment grade.
- (3) Other Drains Under Flexible Pavements: All reaches of all culverts, pipes or drains under flexible pavements that do not cross the centerlines of new roadway or centerlines of existing roadways, and exclusive of those portions of the pipe which are totally under shoulders, shall receive an initial and final backfill of Type B material. Placement and compaction shall be as specified in Heading (d) below. Where the subgrade is above existing ground, embankment material as specified for the remainder of the project shall be used from the top of the final backfill to the top of the established embankment grade.
- (4) Other Areas: All culverts, pipes or drains in nonpaved areas or paved areas that serve as driveways or shoulders shall receive an initial and final backfill of Type B material. Placement and compaction shall be as specified in Heading (d) below.
- (5) Pipes Subject to Construction Traffic; The embankment or pipe backfill shall be constructed to a minimum of 24 inches (600 mm) over the pipe before heavy construction equipment is allowed to cross the installation. Where practical, installations with less than 24 inches (600 mm) of cover over the top of the pipe shall be constructed after heavy hauling is completed over the pipe location. After completion of hauling operations, the contractor shall remove excess cover material. Pipe damaged by hauling and backfilling operations shall be removed and reinstalled, or replaced, at no direct pay.
- (c) Placement and Compaction; Type A Backfill: For all pipes, culverts and conduits under paved and nonpaved areas, where Type A backfill material is used, the Type A backfill shall be thoroughly hand compacted under the pipe haunches and then dynamically compacted in layers not exceeding 8 inches (200 mm) compacted thickness. Compaction under the haunches of the pipe shall initially be by hand tamping or other acceptable means, until a level is reached that the dynamic tamping can commence. Each lift shall be compacted by applying at least eight

### Supplemental Specifications (August 2008) Page 12 of 30

passes of a hand operated, dynamic mechanical compaction device over the surface of each lift. With approval of the engineer, layer thickness may be increased to 12 inches (300 mm) with verification of satisfactory installation and performance. If flowable fill is used it shall be furnished, placed and consolidated in accordance with Section 710. The contractor shall control placement operations during initial backfill operations so as not to damage protective coatings on metal pipes. The contractor shall repair damaged coatings at no additional pay.

- (d) Placement and Compaction; Type B Backfill: For all pipes, culverts and conduits, where Type B backfill is allowed, the Type B material shall be placed in layers not exceeding 8 inches (200 mm) compacted thickness. Compaction shall be with suitable mechanical equipment. With approval of the engineer, layer thickness may be increased to 12 inches (300 mm) with verification of satisfactory installation and performance.
- (e) Placement and Compaction; Trenchless or Partial Trench Condition: All pipes, culverts, drains and conduits placed with any portion of the pipe above existing ground must also comply with Subsections (a),(b) (c) and (d) above for the portion of the pipe within a trench and that portion of the pipe not constructed in a trench. The width of initial and final backfill of that portion above existing ground and not within a trench will be constructed to such a width that the requirements for placement, compaction and density are met.
- (f) Density Requirements: The in place density of Type A backfill materials and bedding materials, will not be measured or determined. Type A backfill, exclusive of RAP and flowable fill, shall be placed at or near optimum moisture content determined in accordance with DOTD TR 415 or 418. RAP materials shall be placed and compacted in a slightly moist condition.

The maximum dry density of initial or final Type B backfill under all paved areas which are to be under traffic will be determined in accordance with DOTD TR 415 or TR 418 and inplace density determined in accordance with DOTD TR 401. Initial and final Type B backfill under all paved areas, under traffic, shall be placed at or near optimum moisture content determined in accordance with DOTD TR 415 or TR 418. Each layer shall be compacted by approved methods prior to the placement of a subsequent layer. The engineer will approve the compaction method based upon validation that such method, including moisture control, will achieve at least 95 percent of maximum dry density as determined in accordance with DOTD TR 401. With approval of the engineer, density testing may be waived on subsequent layers with backfill installation in accordance with approved compaction methods and continued satisfactory performance.

Initial and final backfill in unpaved areas or paved areas such as shoulders or driveways, shall be placed evenly and compacted along the length of the culvert, pipe or drain from the top of the initial backfill to the top of the subgrade. Layered backfill shall be compacted at least to the density of the adjoining existing soils or the compaction required of the laterally adjoining layers of soil immediately outside the trench for embankment elevations. Initial and final backfill shall be placed and compacted at or near optimum moisture content determined in accordance with DOTD TR 415 or TR 418.

701.09 INSPECTION OF PIPES. After completion of embankment and prior to roadway surfacing, the engineer shall inspect pipes for proper alignment and integrity of joints. Any misaligned pipe or defective joints shall be corrected by the contractor at no direct pay.

(a) Plastic Pipe: Installed plastic pipe shall be tested to ensure that vertical deflections do not exceed 5.0 percent. Maximum allowable deflections shall be governed by the mandrel requirements stated herein.

Deflection tests shall be performed no sooner than 30 calendar days after installation and compaction of backfill. The pipe shall be cleaned and inspected for offsets and obstructions prior to testing.

For pipe 36 inches (900 mm) and less in diameter, a mandrel shall be pulled through the pipe by hand to ensure that maximum allowable deflections have not been exceeded. The mandrel shall be approved by the engineer prior to use. Use of an unapproved mandrel or a mandrel altered or modified after approval will invalidate the test. If the mandrel fails to pass, the pipe is overdeflected.

Unless otherwise permitted, overdeflected pipe shall be uncovered and, if not damaged, reinstalled. Damaged pipe shall not be reinstalled, but shall be removed and replaced with new pipe. Any pipe subjected to any method or process other than removal, which attempts, even successfully, to reduce or cure any overdeflection, shall be removed and replaced with new pipe.

The mandrel shall be a rigid, nonadjustable, odd-numbered legged (minimum 9 legs) mandrel having a length not less than its nominal diameter or 24 inches (600 mm), whichever is less. The minimum diameter at any point shall be 5.0 percent less than the base inside diameter of the pipe being tested. The mandrel shall be fabricated of steel, aluminum or other approved material fitted with pulling rings at each end. The nominal pipe size and outside diameter of the mandrel shall be stamped or engraved on some segment other than a runner. A suitable carrying case shall be furnished.

For pipe larger than 36 inches (900 mm) in diameter, deflection shall be determined by a method approved by the engineer. If a mandrel is selected, the minimum diameter, length, and other requirements shall conform to the above requirements.

Mandrel testing shall be conducted by the contractor in the presence of the engineer. Mandrel testing shall be at no direct pay.

(b) Metal Pipe: If the inside diameter of metal pipe or rise dimension of metal pipe arch deflects more than 5.0 percent from original dimensions, they shall be removed and reinstalled, unless they do not rebound or are damaged. Pipe or pipe arch which are damaged or do not rebound shall be removed and replaced at no direct pay. Measurement of deflection will be made by the engineer away from rerolled ends.

### 701.10 CLEANING PIPES.

(a) Existing Pipes: Pipes designated to be cleaned shall be cleaned of soil, debris and other materials to the invert of the pipe. Designated pipes shall be cleaned by approved methods that will not damage the pipes. Any damage caused by the contractor's operations shall be satisfactorily repaired at no direct pay.

Removed soil, debris and other materials shall be disposed of in accordance with Subsection 202.02 or as otherwise approved in writing.

(b) Contractor Installed Pipes: Prior to final acceptance, pipes shall be cleaned of all debris and soil to the invert of the pipe at no direct pay.

### Supplemental Specifications (August 2008) Page 14 of 30

Removed soil, debris and other materials shall be disposed of in accordance with Subsection 202.02 or as otherwise approved in writing.

701.11 STUBBING AND PLUGGING PIPES. When it is required that pipes be plugged, such plugs shall be constructed of Class R concrete complying with Section 901. Thickness of plug and method of construction shall be as directed.

When new pipes are to be stubbed into new or existing pipes or other structures, the connection shall be made with approved mortar complying with Subsection 702.02.

- 701.12 MEASUREMENT. Pipe, both new and relaid, will be measured in linear feet (lin m) as follows unless stated otherwise.
- (a) Pipe not confined by fixed structures will be measured by the number of joints at the nominal length of each joint.
- (b) Pipe confined by fixed structures will be measured along the pipe between the termini of pipe in structure walls.
- (c) Pipe confined by a fixed structure on one end and unconfined at the other end will be measured along the pipe from the terminus of pipe in the structure wall to the unconfined end of pipe.
- (d) Fabricating of pipe tees, elbows and other fittings will be measured per each fitting. The length of pipe in such fittings will be included in the pay length measurement of pipes of which they form a part.
- (e) Excavation required for installation of pipes will not be measured for payment, except as otherwise specified in Subsection 203.14.
- (f) Furnishing and placing backfill material below existing ground level for pipes will not be measured for payment. Backfill material needed to complete backfill above natural ground and around pipes that extend above natural ground will be measured and payment will be made under applicable earthwork items. When specified, flowable fill will be measured and paid for in accordance with Section 710.
  - (g) Plugging and stubbing of pipes will not be measured for payment.
  - (h) Cleaning existing pipes will be measured by the length of pipe cleaned and accepted.
  - (i) Concrete collars will be measured per each.

#### 701.13 PAYMENT.

(a) Payment for pipe will be made at the contract unit price per linear foot (lin m) of the types and sizes specified.

When plastic pipe is specified on the plans or elected to be used by the contractor, payment will be made at the contract unit price per linear foot (lin m) of the types and sizes specified in accordance with the payment schedule of Table 701-1.

Table 701-1
Payment Schedule for Plastic Pipe

Percent Payment	Stage of Completeness	
75	After placement and backfill has been completed	
25	After the pipe has met vertical deflection requirements in accordance with Subsection 701.09(a)	

- (b) Payment for fabricating pipe tees, elbows and other fittings will be made at the contract unit price per each fitting.
- (c) When unstable conditions are encountered, the additional excavation will not be measured for payment; however, the additional materials furnished and placed for the pipe foundation will be measured and paid for as follows:
- (1) Granular Materials: Payment will be made under the embankment item. The net section volume of the materials will be multiplied by 3 to determine the pay volume. When the contract does not include a pay item for embankment, payment will be made in accordance with Subsection 104.02.
- (2) Bedding Material: Measurement and payment will be made in accordance with Section 726. When the contract does not include a pay item for bedding material, payment will be made in accordance with Subsection 104.02.
- (d) Payment for cleaning existing pipes will be made at the contract unit price per linear foot (lin m).
  - (e) Payment for concrete collars will be made at the contract unit price per each.

### Payment will be made under:

Item No.	Pay Item	Pay Unit
701-01	Cross Drain Pipe (Size & Type)	Linear Foot (Lin m)
701-02	Cross Drain Pipe Arch (Size & Type)	Linear Foot (Lin m)
701-03	Storm Drain Pipe (Size & Type)	Linear Foot (Lin m)
701-04	Storm Drain Pipe Arch (Size & Type)	Linear Foot (Lin m)
701-05	Side Drain Pipe (Size)	Linear Foot (Lin m)
701-06	Side Drain Pipe Arch (Size)	Linear Foot (Lin m)
701-07	Yard Drain Pipe (Size)	Linear Foot (Lin m)
701-08	Relaying Pipe	Linear Foot (Lin m)
701-09	Fabricating Pipe Fittings	Each
701-10	Reinforced Concrete Pipe (Extension)	Linear Foot (Lin m)
701-11	Reinforced Concrete Pipe Arch (Extension)	Linear Foot (Lin m)
701-12	Corrugated Metal Pipe (Extension)	Linear Foot (Lin m)
701-13	Corrugated Metal Pipe Arch (Extension)	Linear Foot (Lin m)

### Supplemental Specifications (August 2008) Page 16 of 30

701-14	Cleaning Existing Pipes	Linear Foot (Lin m)
701-15	Concrete Collar	Each
701-16	Plastic Pipe (Extension)	Linear Foot (Lin m)

### **SECTION 704 – GUARD RAIL:**

Subsection 704.03 – General Construction Requirements (01/05), Pages 368 and 369.

Add the following to Heading (d), Guard Rail End Treatments.

All end treatments shall bear a label indicating the manufacturer and exact product name of the end treatment along with its assigned NCHRP 350 test level. This label shall resist weathering and shall be permanently affixed to the railing in such a way as to be readily visible.

### **SECTION 706 – CONCRETE WALKS, DRIVES AND INCIDENTAL PAVING:**

All Subsections within Section 706 (04/08), Pages 375 – 377.

Delete Section 706, Concrete Walks, Drives and Incidental Paving and substitute the following.

### SECTION 706 CONCRETE WALKS, DRIVES AND INCIDENTAL PAVING

706.01 DESCRIPTION. This work consists of furnishing and constructing portland cement concrete walks, handicapped curb ramps, drives and incidental paving slabs in accordance with these specifications and in conformity with lines, grades and dimensions shown on the plans or established.

706.02 MATERIALS. Materials shall comply with the following Section or Subsections.

Portland Cement Concrete (Class M)	901
Joint Filler	1005.01(c)
Reinforcing Steel	1009.01
Curing Materials	1011.01

### 706.03 CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS.

- (a) Excavation: Excavation shall be made to required depth and width. The top of the subgrade shall be shaped and compacted to a firm, even surface conforming to the section shown on the plans. Unsuitable material shall be removed and disposed of in accordance with Subsection 202.02 and replaced with approved material at no direct pay.
- (b) Forms: Forms shall be of wood or metal and shall extend the full depth of concrete. Forms shall be straight, clean and of sufficient strength to resist the pressure of concrete. Bracing of forms shall be such that forms remain in horizontal and vertical alignment until their removal.

Concrete may be placed by slip-form methods. Slip-formed concrete shall be placed with an approved machine designed to spread, vibrate, consolidate and finish concrete in one pass of the machine in such manner that minimum hand finishing is necessary. Sliding forms shall be

rigidly held together to prevent spreading of forms. After the passing of the side forms there shall be no noticeable slumping of concrete.

- (c) Subgrade: The subgrade shall be thoroughly moistened immediately prior to placing concrete.
- (d) Placing and Finishing: Concrete shall be placed on the subgrade, struck off to required thickness and tamped sufficiently to bring the mortar to the surface. The surface shall be finished with a wood float or steel trowel followed by brushing to a slightly rough finish. Joints and edges shall be rounded with an edging tool having a 1/4-inch (6 mm) radius.

### (e) Joints:

- (1) Expansion Joints: Expansion joints shall be filled with 1/2 inch (13 mm) thick preformed expansion joint filler. Expansion joints shall be installed at maximum 100-foot (30 m) intervals, and between intersecting paving and any fixed structure such as a building, bridge or curbing, and between intersecting paving and the handicapped curb ramps. Expansion joint material shall extend for the full width and depth of paving.
- (2) Weakened Plane: Weakened planes shall be formed by a jointing tool or other acceptable means. Weakened planes shall extend into concrete for at least 1/4 of the depth and shall be approximately 1/8 inch (3 mm) wide.
- a. Walks: Spacing of weakened planes for walks shall be equal to the width of walk.
- b. Drives: A longitudinal weakened plane shall be formed along the centerline of drives more than 16 feet (5 m) wide, and transverse weakened planes shall be formed at not more than 16-foot (5 m) intervals.
- c. Incidental Paving: Weakened planes for incidental paving shall be formed at intervals not exceeding 30 times the thickness of the concrete in length or width. Incidental paving poured adjacent to jointed concrete shall be jointed to match existing joints, with intermediate joints formed as necessary not to exceed the maximum joint spacing.
- (3) Construction Joints: Construction joints shall be formed around manholes, utility poles, etc., extending into paving and 1/4 inch (6 mm) thick preformed expansion joint filler shall be installed in these joints.
- (4) Tie-ins: Tie-ins of existing concrete shall be made by full depth sawing at no direct pay.
  - (f) Curing: Concrete shall be cured in accordance with Subsection 601.10.
- (g) Detectable Warning Surface for Handicap Ramps and At-Grade Sidewalk Intersections: Sidewalks, when intersecting with roadways, shall be equipped with a detectable warning surface system consisting of raised truncated domes as a transition between the sidewalk and the street as required by the Americans with Disabilities Act, 28 CFR Part 36, ADA Standards for Accessible Design.

Detectable warnings (truncated domes) shall be installed on the ramp surface over the full width of the ramp throat for a distance of 24 inches (600 mm) in the direction of travel from the back of the curb. Detectable warnings (truncated domes) shall also be installed on at-grade sidewalks intersecting with roadways for a distance of 36 inches (900 mm) in the direction of travel from the end of the sidewalk. Truncated domes shall be laid out on a square grid in order to allow enough space for wheelchairs to roll between the domes.

### Supplemental Specifications (August 2008) Page 18 of 30

Light reflectance of the truncated domes and the underlying surface must meet the 70 percent contrast requirement of ADAAG.

706.04 MEASUREMENT. Quantities of concrete walks, drives and incidental paving slabs for payment will be the design quantities as specified on the plans and adjustments thereto. Design quantities will be adjusted if the engineer makes changes to adjust to field conditions, if design errors are proven or if design changes are made. Design areas are based on the horizontal dimensions shown on the plans. Excavation, backfill, reinforcing steel and joint materials will not be measured for payment.

Handicapped curb ramps, including the detectable surface warning system, will be measured per each.

Detectable surface warning systems for at-grade sidewalk intersection will not be measured for payment.

706.05 PAYMENT. Payment for concrete walks, drives and incidental paving will be made on a lot basis at the contract unit price per square yard (sq m), adjusted in accordance with the following provisions. Payment for each lot will be made in accordance with Table 901-6. Size, sampling, and testing of each concrete lot shall be in accordance with the Materials Sampling Manual.

Payment for handicapped curb ramps, including the detectable surface warning system, will be made by each and shall include, but not limited to, curb transitions, detectable warning system, gutter, landing and base.

Payment will be made under:

Item No.	Pay Item	Pay Unit
706-01	Concrete Walk (inch (mm) Thick)	Square Yard (Sq m)
706-02	Concrete Drive (inch (mm) Thick)	Square Yard (Sq m)
706-03	Incidental Concrete Paving	
	( inch (mm) Thick	Square Yard (Sq m)
706-04	Handicapped Curb Ramps	Each

### **SECTION 713 – TEMPORARY TRAFFIC CONTROL:**

Subsection 713.06 – Pavement Markings (08/06), Pages 400 – 403.

Delete Table 713-1, Temporary Pavement Markings and substitute the following.

Table 713-1
Temporary Pavement Markings<sup>1,2</sup>

		remporary Paven	ient markings	
		Two-lane Highways	Undivided Multilane Highways	Divided Multilane Highways
SHORT	ADT<150 0; or ADT>150 0 and time<3 days	Lane lines 4-foot (1.2 m) tape on 40-foot (12 m) centers; with "Do Not Pass" and "Pass With Care" signs as required		
TER	ADT>150 0; Time>3 days and<2 weeks	Lane lines 4-foot (1.2-m) tape on 40-foot (12-m) centers with no passing zone markings		
	All ADT's with time <2 weeks		40-foot (12 m)	foot (1.2 m)
LONG TERM	>2 weeks	Standard lane lines, no-passing zone markings, legends and symbols and when pavement width is 22 feet (6.7 m) or greater, edge lines	Standard lane lines, centerlines, edge lines, and legends and symbols	lane lines,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>No-passing zones shall be delineated as indicated whenever a project is open to traffic. <sup>2</sup>On all Asphaltic Surface Treatments that are open to traffic and used as a final wearing course or as an interlayer, temporary pavement markings (tabs) on 20-foot (6 m) centers shall be used, in lieu of the 4-foot (1.2 m) tape, on 40-foot (12 m) centers.

### **SECTION 729 - TRAFFIC SIGNS AND DEVICES:**

### <u>Subsection 729.02 – Materials (04/08)</u>, Pages 456 and 457.

Delete the contents of Heading (a), Sign and Marker Sheeting, and substitute the following.

(a) Sign and Marker Sheeting: Sheeting material for sign panels, delineators, barricades and other markers shall comply with Section 1015. All permanent signs shall meet the requirements of ASTM D 4956, Type X.

### Supplemental Specifications (August 2008) Page 20 of 30

### Subsection 729.04, Fabrication of Sign Panels and Markers (04/08), Pages 458 – 460.

Delete the third paragraph of Heading (c), Sheeting Application and substitute the following.

ASTM D 4956 Type X reflective sheeting shall be applied with an orientation determined by the engineer to obtain the optimum entrance angle performance. Fabricated vertical splices in ASTM D 4956 Type X reflective sheeting will be allowed only when the horizontal dimension of the sign face or attached shield is in excess of the maximum manufactured width of the sheeting. Fabricated vertical splices in ASTM D 4956 Type X reflective sheeting will also be allowed when the specified orientation will create excessive sheeting waste.

### **SECTION 804 – DRIVEN PILES:**

### Subsection 804.08 – Construction Requirements (04/07), Pages548 – 554.

Delete the first sentence of Heading (a), Preboring and substitute the following.

Preboring by augering, wet-rotary drilling, or other methods used to facilitate pile driving will not be permitted unless specified in the plans or allowed by the engineer.

Delete the first sentence of Heading (b), Jetting and substitute the following. Jetting will not be permitted unless allowed in the plans or allowed by the engineer.

### **SECTION 901 – PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE:**

Subsection 901.06 – Quality Control of Concrete (08/06), Pages 726 – 731.

Add the following to the contents of Heading (b), Quality Control Tests.

The contractor shall be responsible for monitoring the components (cement, mineral and chemical admixtures, aggregates) in their mix to protect against any changes due to component variations. As component shipments arrive, the contractor shall verify slump, air content and set time by testing at ambient temperatures. The contractor shall make adjustments to the mix design to rectify any changes which would adversely affect constructability, concrete placement or the specifications. The contractor shall submit test results to the Department for review each day of paving. Testing to validate component consistency will be documented on the control logs. Conformance or variation in mix parameters (workability, set times, air content, etc.) shall be noted on the control logs. The contractor shall provide a copy of the proposed testing plan to the engineer for record. Acceptance of the plan does not relieve the contractor's responsibility for consistency.

### Subsection 901.08 – Composition of Concrete (12/05), Pages 732 – 734.

Add the following to Heading (a).

The blended cement containing up to 50 percent of grade 100 or grade 120 ground granulated blast-furnace slag must be in compliance with Subsection 1001.04 for portland blast-furnace slag cement.

### **SECTION 1001 – HYDRAULIC CEMENT:**

Subsection 1001.01 – Portland Cement (09/07). Page 749.

Delete the contents of this subsection and substitute the following.

1001.01 PORTLAND CEMENT. Portland cement shall be from an approved source listed in QPL 7 and shall comply with AASHTO M 85.

Alkali content calculated as sodium oxide equivalent shall not exceed 0.60 percent by weight for all types of cement.

### **SECTION 1003 - AGGREGATES:**

<u>Subsection 1003.02 – Aggregates for Portland Cement Concrete and Mortar (07/07),</u> Pages 763 – 766.

Delete the contents of Heading (c), Aggregates for Types B and D Pavements, and substitute the following.

(c) Aggregates for Types B and D Pavements: For the combined aggregates for the proposed portland cement concrete pavement mix, the percent retained based on the dry weight (mass) of the total aggregates shall meet the requirements of Table 1003-1A for the type of pavement specified in the plans. Additionally, the sum of the percents retained on any two adjacent sieves so designated in the table shall be at least 12 percent of the total combined aggregates. The maximum amounts by weight (mass) of deleterious materials for the total aggregate shall be the same as shown in Subsection 1003.02(b).

### Supplemental Specifications (August 2008) Page 22 of 30

Table 1003-1A Aggregates for Types B and D Pavements

		Percent Retained of Total Combined Aggregates		
U.S. Sieve	Metric Sieve			
		Paveme	nt Type	
		Type B	Type D	
2 1/2 inch	63 mm	0	0	
2 inch	50 mm	0	0-20	
1 1/2 inch	37.5 mm	0-20	0-20	
1 inch	25.0 mm	0-20	5-20	
3/4 inch	19.0 mm	5-20	5-20	
1/2 inch	12.5 mm	5-20	5-20	
3/8 inch	9.5 mm	5-20	5-20	
No. 4	4.75 mm	5-20	5-20	
No. 8	2.36 mm	<b>5-20</b>	5-20	
No. 16	1.18 mm	<b>5-20</b>	5-20	
No. 30	600 μm	<i>5</i> -20	5-20	
No. 50	300 μm	0-20	0-20	
No. 100	150 μm	0-20	0-20	
No. 200	75 μm	0-5	0-5	

Note: For the sieves in the shaded areas, the sum of any two adjacent sieves shall be a minimum of 12 percent of the total combined aggregates.

Each type of aggregate to be used in the proposed mixture shall be sampled and tested individually. The percent of total combined aggregates retained shall be determined mathematically based on the proportions of the combined aggregate blend. All gradation calculations shall be based on percent of dry weight (mass).

### SECTION 1005 – JOINT MATERIALS FOR PAVEMENTS AND STRUCTURES:

<u>Subsection 1005.04 – Combination Joint Former/Sealer (11/05)</u>, Pages 782 and 783.

Delete Heading (a) and substitute the following.

(a) Description: This joint former/sealer is intended for use in simultaneously forming and sealing a weakened plane in portland cement concrete pavements.

The material shall consist of an elastomeric strip permanently bonded either mechanically or chemically at the top of each of two rigid plastic side frames and covered with a removable plastic top cap. Side frames shall be of such configuration that when the sealer is inserted into plastic concrete and vibrated, a permanent bond forms between side frames and concrete.

Delete Heading (b)(1) and substitute the following.

(1) Elastomer: The elastomer strip portion of the material shall be manufactured from vulcanized elastomeric compound using polymerized chloroprene or thermoplastic vulcanizate as the base polymer, and shall comply with the following requirements:

<u>Property</u>	ASTM Test Method	Require	<u>quirements</u>	
		Polymerized Chloroprene	Thermoplastic Vulcanizate	
Tensile Strength, kPa, Min. Elongation at Break, % Min. Hardness, Shore A Properties after Aging, 70 h @ 100°C	D 412 D 412 D 2240 D 573	12,400 200 65 ± 10	7,400 400 65 ± 10	
Tensile Strength, % Loss, Max. Elongation, % loss, Max. Hardness, pts. increase, Max. Ozone Resistance, 20% strain or bentloop,		20 25 10	20 25 10	
300 pphm in air, 70 h @ 40°C Oil Swell, IRM 903, 70 h @ 100°C, wt change, % Max.	D 1149 D 471	no cracks 45	no cracks 75	

Delete Headings (b)(2) and (b)(3) and substitute the following:

- (2) Bond of Elastomer to Plastic: The force required to shear the elastomer from the plastic shall be a minimum of 5.0 pounds per linear inch (90 g/mm) of sealer when tested in accordance with DOTD TR 636.
- (3) Bond of Plastic to Cement Mortar: This bond will be evaluated and shall meet the following requirements:

The force required to separate the cement mortar from the plastic shall be a minimum of 5.0 pounds per linear inch (90 g/mm) of sealer when tested in accordance with DOTD TR 636.

### SECTION 1006 - CONCRETE AND PLASTIC PIPE:

Subsection 1006.09 – Plastic Yard Drain Pipe (06/07), Page 789.

Delete the contents of Subheading (a)(3), Ribbed Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe (RPVCP) and substitute the following.

Ribbed Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe (RPVCP): Ribbed Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe shall comply with ASTM F 794, Series 46 or ASTM F 949 (46 psi).

### **SECTION 1013 - METALS:**

Subsection 1013.09 – Steel Piles (08/06) Page 822.

Delete the title and references to "Steel Piles" in this subsection and substitute "Steel H Piles".

### **SECTION 1015 – SIGNS AND PAVEMENT MARKINGS:**

Subsection 1015.04 – Sign Panels (05/07), Pages 832 and 833.

Delete the contents of Heading (a), Permanent Sign Panels and substitute the following.

### Supplemental Specifications (August 2008) Page 24 of 30

(a) Permanent Sign Panels: Flat panels shall be aluminum sheets or plates complying with ASTM B 209, Alloy 6061-T6 or Alloy 5052-H38. Extruded aluminum panels shall comply with ASTM B 221 (ASTM B 221M), Alloy 6063-T6 and after fabrication, have a flatness equal to or less than 0.031 inch per foot of length and 0.004 inch per inch of width.

### Subsection 1015.05 - Reflective Sheeting (04/08), Pages 833 – 838.

Delete the contents of this subsection and substitute the following. 1015.05 REFLECTIVE SHEETING.

- (a) Permanent and Temporary Standard Sheeting: Reflective sheeting shall be one of the following standard types as specified on the plans and complying with ASTM D 4956 except as modified herein. Permanent warning, regulatory, guide and supplemental guide sign sheeting shall meet the requirements of ASTM D 4956 Type X. Reflective sheeting for temporary signs and devices shall meet the requirements of ASTM D 4956 Type III except as noted in Subsection 1015.05(f). Reflective sheeting shall be an approved product listed in QPL 13.
- Type III A high-intensity retroreflective sheeting that is typically encapsulated glass-bead retroreflective material.
- Type VI An elastomeric high-intensity retroreflective sheeting without adhesive. This sheeting is typically a vinyl microprismatic retroreflective material.
- Type X A super high-intensity retroreflective sheeting having highest retroreflectivity characteristics at medium distances. This sheeting is typically an unmetalized microprismatic retroreflective element material.
- (b) Fluorescent Pink Retroreflective Sheeting: Signs for temporary control of traffic through incident management areas shall be Type VI fluorescent pink retroreflective sheeting and shall comply with the MUTCD. Temporary traffic control signs for incident management shall be placed to notify motorists of upcoming incidents on the roadway, and shall be removed from public view once the incident has been managed. Physical properties shall comply with ASTM D 4956. Photometric properties shall be as follows.
- (1) Retroreflectivity: Minimum Coefficients of Retroreflection shall be as specified in Table 1015-1.

Table 1015-1
Coefficients of Retroreflection for Fluorescent Pink Sheeting<sup>1</sup>

Observation Angle, degrees	Entrance Angle, degrees	Fluorescent Pink
0.2	-4	100
0.2	+30	40
0.5	-4	40
0.5	+30	15

Minimum Coefficient of Retroreflection (R<sub>A</sub>) (cd lx<sup>-1</sup>m<sup>-2</sup>)

(2) Color and Daytime Luminance: Color Chromaticity Coordinates and Daytime Luminance Factors shall be as specified in Table 1015-2.

Table 1015-2
Fluorescent Pink Color Specifications Limits (Daytime)

Chromaticity Coordinates (corner points) 1								Luminance Factor, min.
	1 2				3		1	Y%
Х	у	X	у	X	y	X	25	
0.450	0.270	0.590	0.350	0.644	0.290	0.536	0.230	23

The four pairs of chromaticity coordinates measured with CIE 2° Standard Observer and 45/0 (0/45) geometry and CIE D65 Standard Illuminant.

- (c) Adhesive Classes: The adhesive required for retroreflective sheeting shall be Class 1 (pressure sensitive) as specified in ASTM D 4956.
- (d) Accelerated Weathering: Reflective sheeting, when processed, applied and cleaned in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations shall perform in accordance with the accelerated weathering standards in Table 1015-3.

### Supplemental Specifications (August 2008) Page 26 of 30

Table 1015-3 Accelerated Weathering Standards<sup>1</sup>

		Retrore	eflectivity <sup>2</sup>	Colorfastness <sup>3</sup>		
Type	Orange/		All colors, except		Orange/	All colors, except
	Fluore	escent	orange/Fluorescent		Fluorescent orange/Fluoresc	
	Ora	nge Orange		Orange	_Orange	
III	1 year	80 <sup>4</sup>	3 years	80 <sup>4</sup>	1 year	3 years
III (for drums)	1 year	80 <sup>4</sup>	1 year	80 <sup>4</sup>	1 year	1 year
VI	1/2 year	50 <sup>5</sup>	1/2 year	50 <sup>5</sup>	1/2 year	1/2 year
X	1 year	80 <sup>6</sup>	3 years	80 <sup>6</sup>	1 year	3 years

At an angle of 45° from the horizontal and facing south in accordance with ASTM G 7 at an approved test facility in Louisiana or South Florida.

(e) Expected Sign Life Data and Performance: The sheeting manufacturer shall supply expected retroreflectivity service life curves for each of the following sign sheeting colors: white, green, blue, brown, red, and yellow. The service life curves shall be plots of the 95 percent expected life plotted on an x-y graph with life years on the x-axis and retroreflectivity on the y-axis. The expected life shall account for worst case installations, equivalent to an installation in South Louisiana with the sign facing to the South. The sheeting manufacturer shall also supply a table of expected life values taken from the service life curves for Revision Number 2 to the 2003 Edition of the MUTCD minimum reflectivity requirements published in the Federal Register on December 21, 2007. Reflective sheeting for signs, when processed, applied and cleaned in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations shall perform outdoors in accordance with the performance standards in Table 1015-4.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Percent retained retroreflectivity of referenced table after the outdoor test exposure time specified.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Colors shall conform to the color specification limits of ASTM D 4956 after the outdoor test exposure time specified.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>ASTM D 4956, Table 8.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>ASTM D 4956, Table 13.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>ASTM D 4956, Table 4.

Table 1015-4
Reflective Sheeting Performance Standards

	Retroreflectivity <sup>1</sup> Durability <sup>2</sup>					
Туре	Orange/ Fluorescent Orange		All colors, except orange/Fluorescent Orange		Colorfastness <sup>3</sup>	
III	3 years	80 <sup>4</sup>	10 years	804	3 years	
X	3 years	80 <sup>5</sup>	7years	80 <sup>5</sup>	3 years	

Percent retained retroreflectivity of referenced table after installation and the field exposure time specified.

(f) Temporary Signs, Barricades, Channelizing Devices, Drums and Cones: Reflective sheeting for temporary signs, barricades and channelizing devices, shall meet the requirements of ASTM D 4956, Type III except that temporary warning construction signs used on the mainline of freeways and expressways shall be fluorescent orange and meet the requirements of ASTM D 4956, Type X.

Reflective sheeting for vertical panels shall meet the requirements of ASTM D 4956, Type III.

Reflective sheeting for drums shall be a minimum of 6 inches (150 mm) wide and shall meet the requirements of ASTM D 4956, Type III, and the Supplementary Requirement S2 for Reboundable Sheeting as specified in ASTM D 4956. Reflective sheeting for traffic cone collars shall meet the requirements of ASTM D 4956, Type III or Type VI.

(g) Sheeting Guaranty. The contractor shall provide the Department with a guaranty from the sheeting manufacturer stating that if the retroreflective sheeting fails to comply with the performance requirements of this subsection, the sheeting manufacturer shall do the following:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>All sheeting shall maintain its structural integrity, adhesion and functionality after installation and the field exposure time specified.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>All colors shall conform to the color specification limits of ASTM D 4956 after installation and the field exposure time specified.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>ASTM D4956, Table 8.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>ASTM D 4956, Table 4.

### Supplemental Specifications (August 2008) Page 28 of 30

Table 1015-5
Manufacturer's Guaranty-Reflective Sheeting

Туре	its field location effectiveness at no c	n to its original ost to the Department	Manufacturer shall replace the sheeting required to restore the sign face to its original effectiveness at no cost to the Department if failure occurs during the time period as specified below
	Orange/Fluorescent Orange	All colors, except orange/Fluorescent Orange	All colors, except orange/Fluorescent Orange
III	<3 years	<7 years	7-10 years
X	<3 years	<5 years	5-7 years

From the date of sign installation.

Replacement sheeting for sign faces, material, and labor shall carry the unexpired guaranty of the sheeting for which it replaces.

The sign fabricator shall be responsible for dating all signs with the month and year of fabrication at the time of sign fabrication. This date shall constitute the start of the guaranty obligation period.

### Subsection 1015.11 - Preformed Plastic Pavement Marking Tape (06/07), Pages 842 – 844.

Delete the contents of this subsection and substitute the following. 1015.11 PREFORMED PLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING TAPE.

- (a) General: Preformed plastic pavement marking tape shall be approved products listed on QPL 64 and shall comply with ASTM D4505 Retroreflectivity Level I or Level II, or DOTD Intersection Grade (as specified below), except as modified herein. The marking tape shall be Class 2 or 3. The type and color shall be in accordance with the plans and the MUTCD.
- (b) Thickness: All preformed plastic pavement marking tape shall have a minimum overall thickness of 0.060 inches (1.5 mm) when tested without the adhesive.
- (c) Friction Resistance: The surface of the Retroreflectivity Level II preformed plastic pavement marking tape shall provide a minimum frictional resistance value of 35 British Polish Number (BPN) when tested according to ASTM E303. The surface of the Retroreflectivity Level I and DOTD Intersection Grade preformed plastic pavement marking tape shall provide a minimum frictional resistance value of 45 BPN when tested according to ASTM E303. Values for the Retroreflectivity Level I material with a raised surface pattern as defined in ASTM D4505 are calculated by averaging values taken at downweb and at a 45 degrees angle from downweb.

(d) Retroreflective Requirements: The preformed plastic pavement marking tape shall have the minimum initial specific luminance values shown in Table 1015-7 when measured in accordance with ASTM D 4061.

Table 1015-7
Specific Luminance of Preformed Plastic Tape

			Specific Luminance (mcd/sq m/lx)	
	Observation	Entrance		
Туре	Angle, degrees	Angle, degrees	White	Yellow
Retroreflectivity Level I	1.05	88.76	500	300
DOTD Intersection Grade	1.05	88.76	375	250
Retroreflectivity Level II	1.05	88.76	250	175

(e) Durability Requirements: The DOTD Intersection Grade preformed plastic pavement marking tape shall show no appreciable fading, lifting or shrinkage for a least 12 months after placement when placed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommended procedures on pavement surfaces having a daily traffic count not to exceed 15,000 ADT per lane.

The Retroreflectivity Level I preformed plastic pavement marking tape shall show no appreciable fading, lifting or shrinkage for a least 4 years after placement for longitudinal lines and at least 2 years after placement for symbols and legends.

The Retroreflectivity Level I preformed plastic pavement marking tape shall also retain the following reflectance values for the time period detailed in Table 1015-8.

Table 1015-8
Retained Specific Luminance for Retroreflectivity Level I
Preformed Plastic Pavement Marking Tape

				Luminance
	Observation	Entrance	(mcd/s	sq m/lx)
<u>Time</u>	Angle, degrees	Angle, degrees	<u>White</u>	Yellow
1 year	1.05	88.76	400	240
4 years (2 years for symbols and legend)	1.05	88.76	100	100

(f) Plastic Pavement Marking Tape Guaranty (DOTD Intersection Grade and Retroreflectivity Level I): If the plastic pavement marking tape fails to comply with the performance and durability requirements of this subsection within 12 months for DOTD Intersection Grade and 4 years for Retroreflectivity Level I, the manufacturer shall replace the plastic pavement marking material at no cost to the Department.

### **SECTION 1020 - TRAFFIC SIGNALS:**

Subsection 1020.01 – Traffic Signal Heads (06/07), Pages 873 – 884.

Delete the contents of Heading (a), General Requirements and substitute the following.

### Supplemental Specifications (August 2008) Page 30 of 30

(a) General Requirements: Traffic signal sections, beacon sections and pedestrian signal sections shall be of the adjustable type. Materials and construction of each section shall be the same.

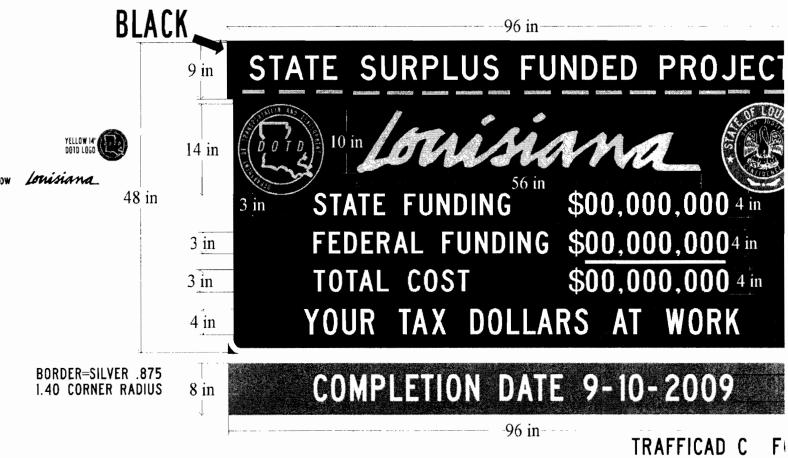
Signals shall be constructed for either 8 or 12-inch (200 mm or 300 mm) lens in accordance with the plans. Signal sections shall have three to five sections per face and beacon sections have only one section per face. Signal sections and associated brackets shall be finished inside and out with two coats of high grade dark olive green enamel, color number 14056 according to Federal Standard No. 595b with each coat independently baked. Visors shall be coated green on the outside and black on the inside. Edges shall be deburred and smooth with no sharp edges.

### Subsection 1020.04 – Poles for Traffic Signal Systems (06/07), Pages 890 – 894.

Delete the sixth paragraph of Heading (a), Pedestal Support Signal Poles, and substitute the following.

Pedestals shall be finished with at least one coat of rustproofing primer, applied to a clean surface and one coat of dark olive green enamel, color number 14056 according to Federal Standard No. 595b.

### PROJECT SIGN DETAIL - STATE SURPLUS FUNDED Background=Blue (COLOR ARTWORK FURNISHED)



**UPON REQUEST)** 

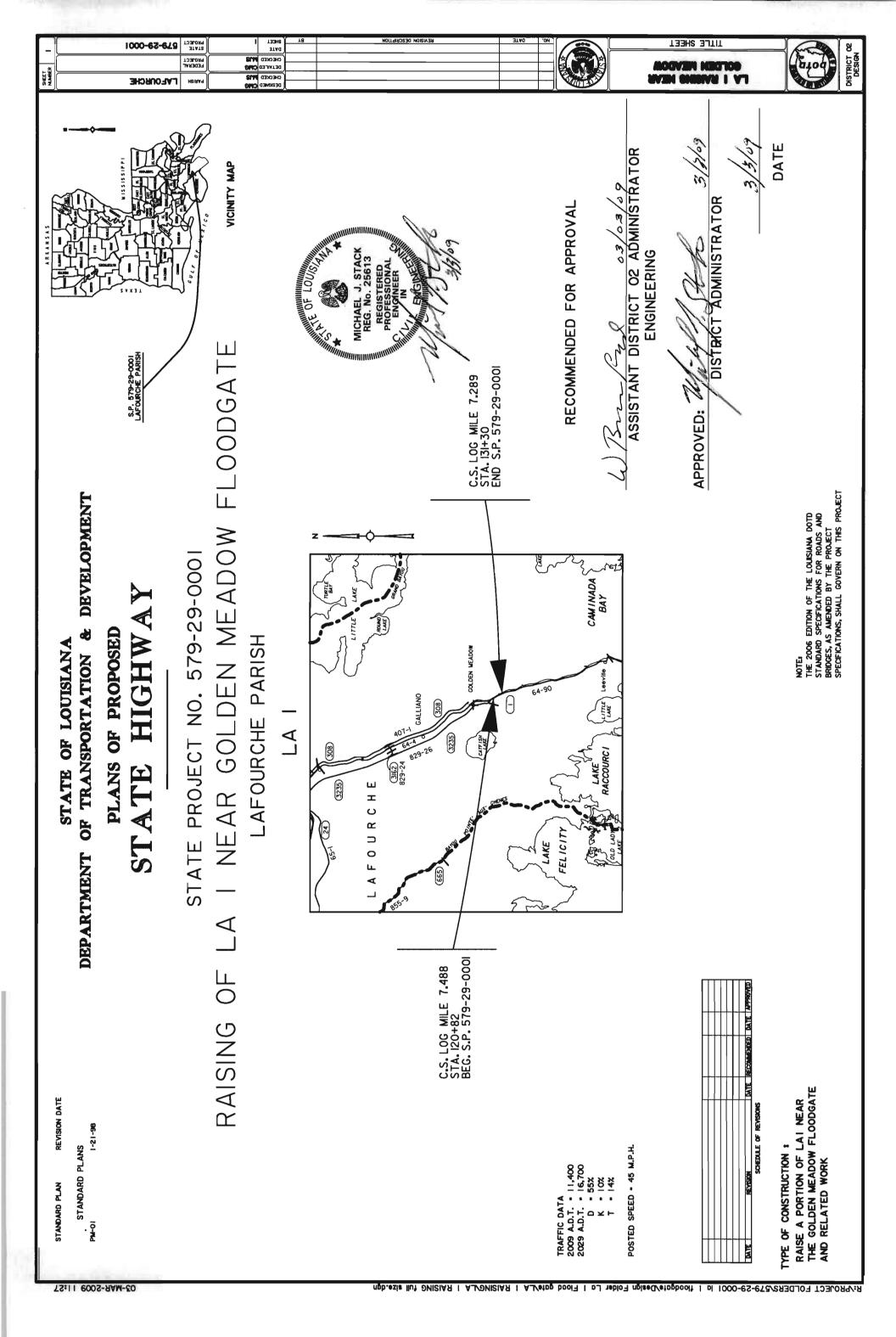
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COMPLETE

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Sign

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	<b>CROSSING AT C.S.L.M. 7.488 (STA. 120482) AND PROCEEDS S.L.M.7.289 (STA. 131+30).</b>			ASPHALTIC CONCRETE BASE COURSE, REMOVE EXISTING GUARD RAIL, MARKERS, AND RELATED WORK.			PROJECT	BRIDGE LENGTH	FEET						
	.M. 7.488 (ST 31+30).			3ASE COURSE ED WORK.			LENGTH OF P	EXCEPTION	FEET						
	DESCRIPTION  EE CROSSING AT C.S.L.M. 7.44  C.S.L.M.7.289 (STA. 131+30).			PROJECT ALTIC CONCRETE E KERS, AND RELATE			LEN	GROSS LENGTH	FEET	1048			GES	ROADWAY	
				BE TO RAISE LA I WITH ASPHALTIC CONCRETE BASE COU APPLY NEW STRIPING AND MARKERS, AND RELATED WORK.				DESCRIPTION	STA. TO STA.	120+82 TO 131+30			TOTAL LENGTH OF BRIDGES	PF	
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## TYPICAL FINISHED SECTION

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TO APPLY: STA, 123+65 TO STA, 127+86

2.0" AVG. SUPERPAVE ASPHALTIC CONCRETE WEARING COURSE (LEVEL2F) (ITEM 502-01-00100). REQ'D  $(\triangleleft)$ 

SO THAT NO MORE THAN A 2" DROP OFF EXISTS BETWEEN ADJACENT TRAVEL LANES AND BETWEEN CONTRACTOR SHALL WHEN OPENED TO TRAFFIC. COST TO BE INCLUDED IN PRICE BID FOR ASPHALTIC CONCRETE ITEM. IN NO MORE THAN 3"LIFTS WITH A MAXIMUM OF 3 LIFTS PER DAY PER LANE, ASPHALTIC CONCRETE BASE COURSE (THICKNESS VARIES) (ITEM 502-01-00100), RETE BASE COURSE (THICKNESS VARIES) (ITEM 502-01-00100). REQ'D ASPHALTIC CON( LANES AND SHOULDER CONDUCT OPERATIONS TO BE PLACED REQ'D LIFTS

REQ'D BORROW (THICKNESS VARIES) (VEHICULAR MEASUREMENT)(ITEM 203-07-00100) TO BE PLACED IN ACCORDANCE 203.10 OF STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS. SEEDING, WATER, AND FERTILIZER TO BE PLACED PROJECT ENGINEER (ITEMS 717-01-00100 AND 718-01-00100), WITH SECTION 203 AND BY THE DIRECTED  $\bigcirc$ 

DIRECTED BY PROJECT ENGINEER.

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(GROUND-IN) TO BE PLACED ALONG PAVED SHOULDERS, SEE SPECIAL DETAIL (ITEM NS-500-00200), STRIPS RUMBLE REQ'D 

CONFORM TO STANDARD PLAN PM-OI, STRIPING SHALL REQ'D (II)

OPES. S \*\* MATCH EXISTING CROSS

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION. SEE CROSS SECTIONS NOTE: 1.

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# ERAL CONSTRUCTION NOTES

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- SHALL MAINTAIN DRAINAGE, ANY MATERIAL DEPOSITED IN ANY DRAINAGE FEATURI SS DRAINS, ETC) DURING CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE CLEANED OUT BEFORE FINAL BY THE CONTRACTOR,  $\circ$ CTOR S, CRO TRA CHES CONTF (DITC) ACCE!  $\vec{\sim}$
- SHALL CONTACT ALL UTILITIES LOCATED IN AREA FOR LOCATIONS AND COORDINATION.
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  TO UTILITIES SHALL BE REPAIRED AT NO COST TO THE DEPARTMENT, CONTRACTOR
  CT UTILITY COMPANIES AND LOUISIANA ONE CALL FOR EXACT LOCATIONS PRIOR TO
  RK. MAO CCTOR CCTOR CONTA CONTRACTON TRACTON TRA OOONE M
- IS RESPONSIBLE FOR CONSTRUCTION LAYOUT (ITEM 740-01-00100), ONTRACTO 4.
- ARRICADES, AND TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES FOR THIS PROJECT SHALL BE O TRAFFIC CONTROL SHEETS AND DIRECTED BY THE PROJECT ENGINEER.  $m \vdash$ L SIGNS, SCORDING AC  $\Omega$
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- WATER CARE NOT TO DAMAGE ANY EXISTING TELEPHONE, GAS, AND BE REPAIRED BY THE CONTRACTOR AT NO COST TO DOTD. SHALL TAKE DONE SHALL TRACTOR DAMAGE CONT  $\infty$
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- AND ONLY BETWEEN STA, 125+20 TO STA, 126+00 SHALL BE TYPE AGCROSS SECTIONS OR AS DIRECTED BY PROJECT ENGINEER, ЩО S SHOWN ( SP M
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- AT LOCATIONS USED 0L S 203-01-00100, 203-07-00100, AND NS-700-00140 ARE BY PROJECT ENGINEER, <u>ب</u> ۵ Ĭ F 面广 TEM NUME S DIRECT  $\sim$

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				WIDTH (FT)*	TONS	WIDTH (FT)*	TONS
123+65	127+86	127+86 ROADWAY	421.0	49	252.1	49	2550.0
		TOTAL			252.1		2550.0
* INCLUDES	BOTHNOR	* INCLUDES BOTH NORTHBOUND ANDSOUTHBOUND TRAVEL LANES					

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Page:

## Summary Of Estimated Quantities

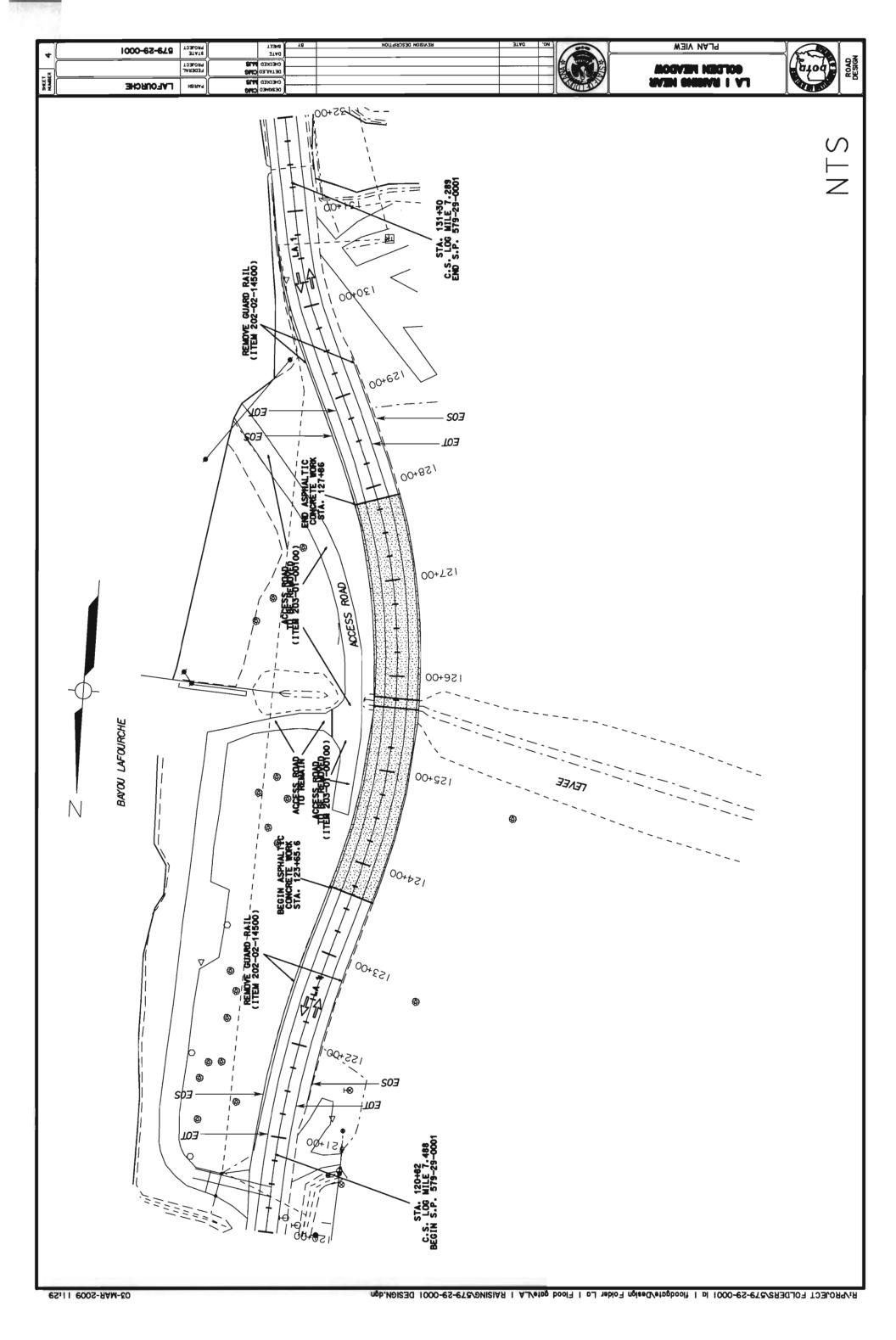
State Project Number: 579-29-0001

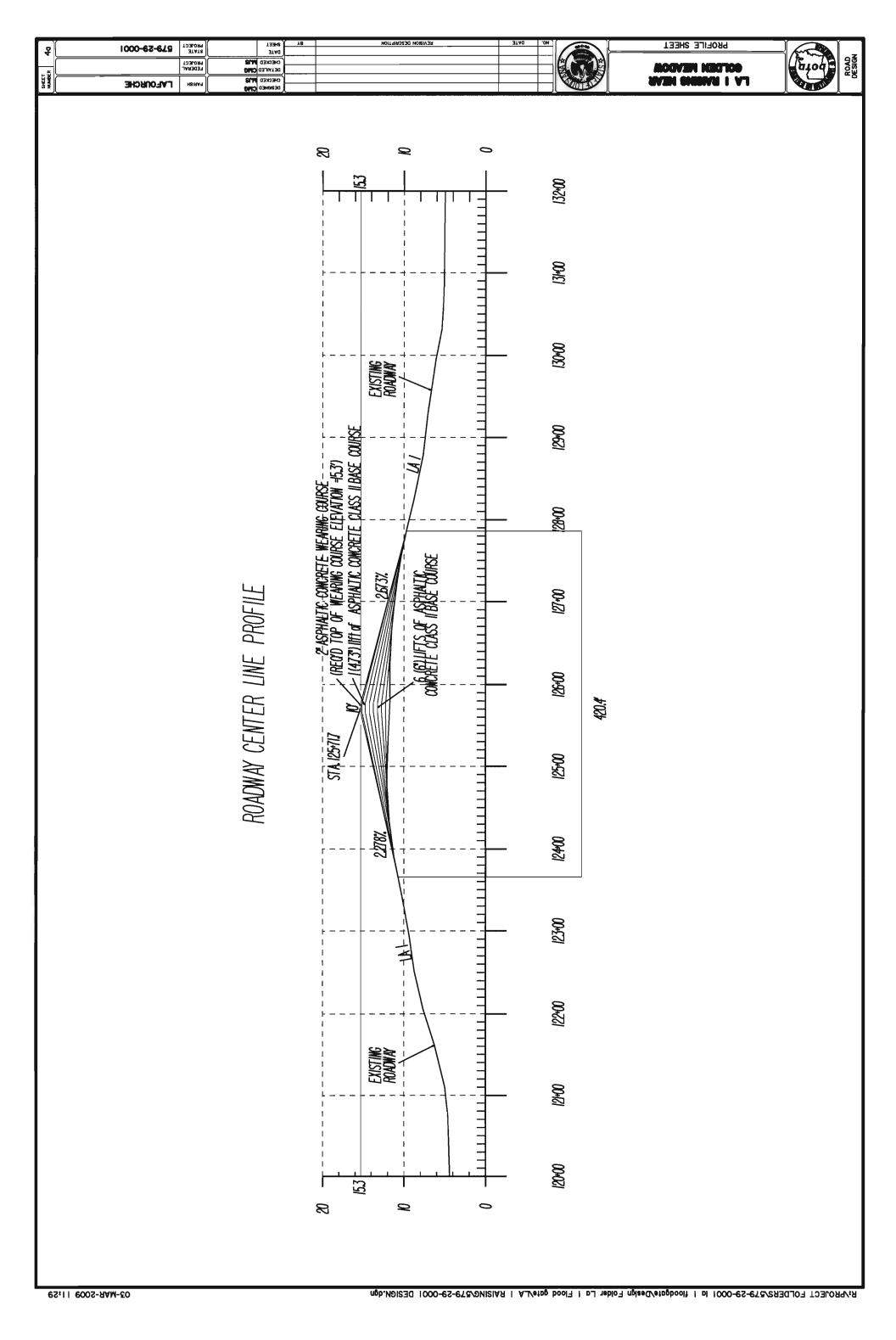
Proposal ID: 579-29-0001 Federal Project Number: Proposal Description: RAISING OF LA 1 NEAR GOLDEN MEADOW FLOODGATE

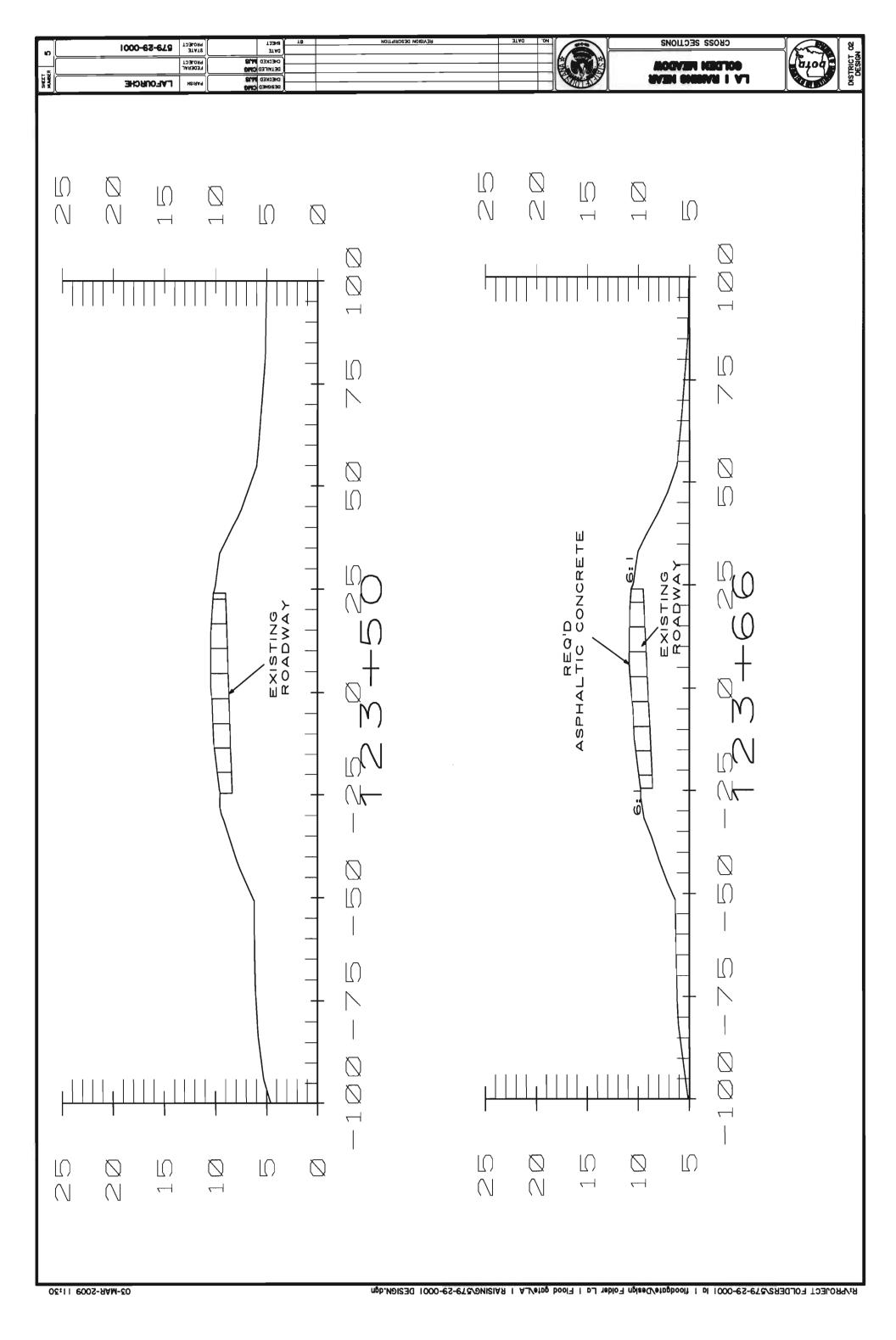
		Supplemental	Alternate		
Item No.	Description	Description	Set Member	Quantity	Units
		General Items			
202-02-14500	Removal of Guard Rail			1,867.000	LNFT
203-01-00100	General Excavation			2,174.000	CUYD
203-07-00100	Borrow (Vehicular Measurement)			895.000	CUYD
502-01-00100	Superpave Asphaltic Concrete			2,802.100	TON
713-01-00100	Temporary Signs and Barricades			1.000	LUMP
713-03-01000	Temporary Pavement Markings (Broken Line) (4" Width) (4' Length)			1.280	MILE
713-04-01000	Temporary Pavement Markings (Solid Line) (4" Width)			2.560	MILE
717-01-00100	Seeding			29.000	LB
718-01-00100	Fertilizer			966.000	LB
727-01-00100	Mobilization			1.000	LUMP
731-02-00100	Reflectorized Raised Pavement Markers			53.000	EACH
732-02-01000	Plastic Pavement Striping (Solid Line) (4" Width) (Thermoplastic 40 mil)			0.320	MILE
740-01-00100	Construction Layout			1.000	LUMP
NS-500-00200	Rumble Strips (Ground-In)			0.160	MILE
NS-700-00140	Flexible Post Traffic Delineators			335.000	ЕАСН

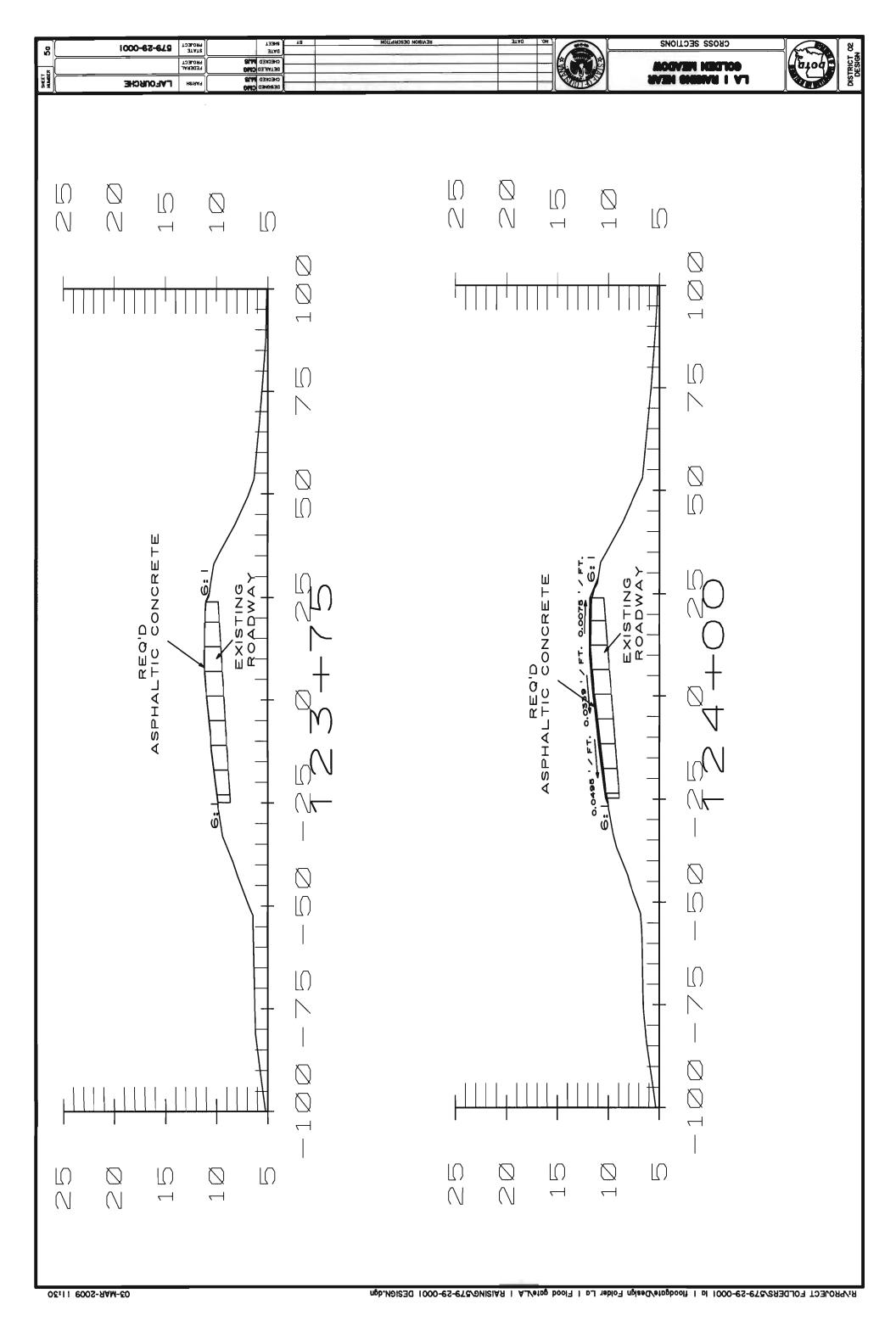
() Item will be bid as lump sum

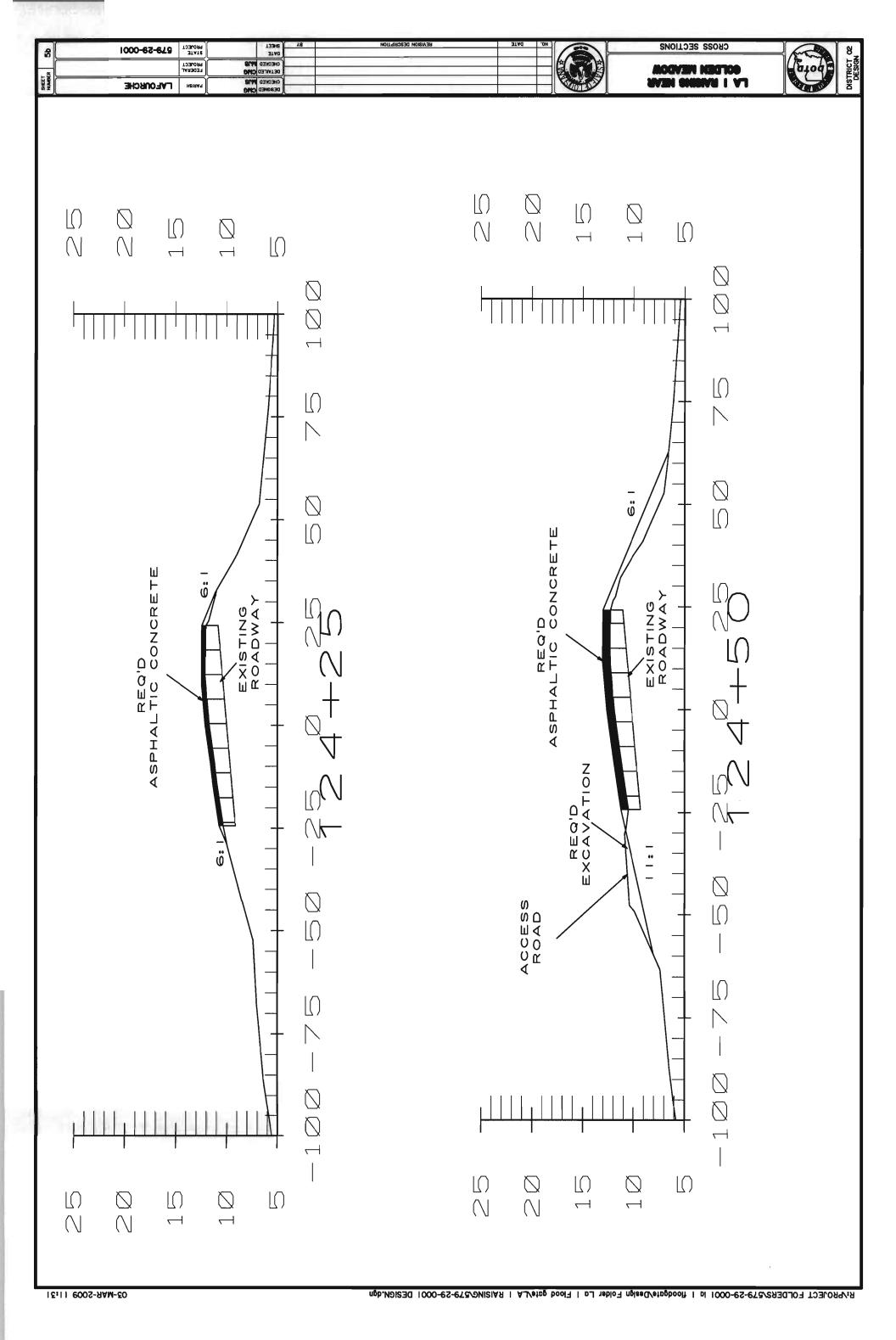
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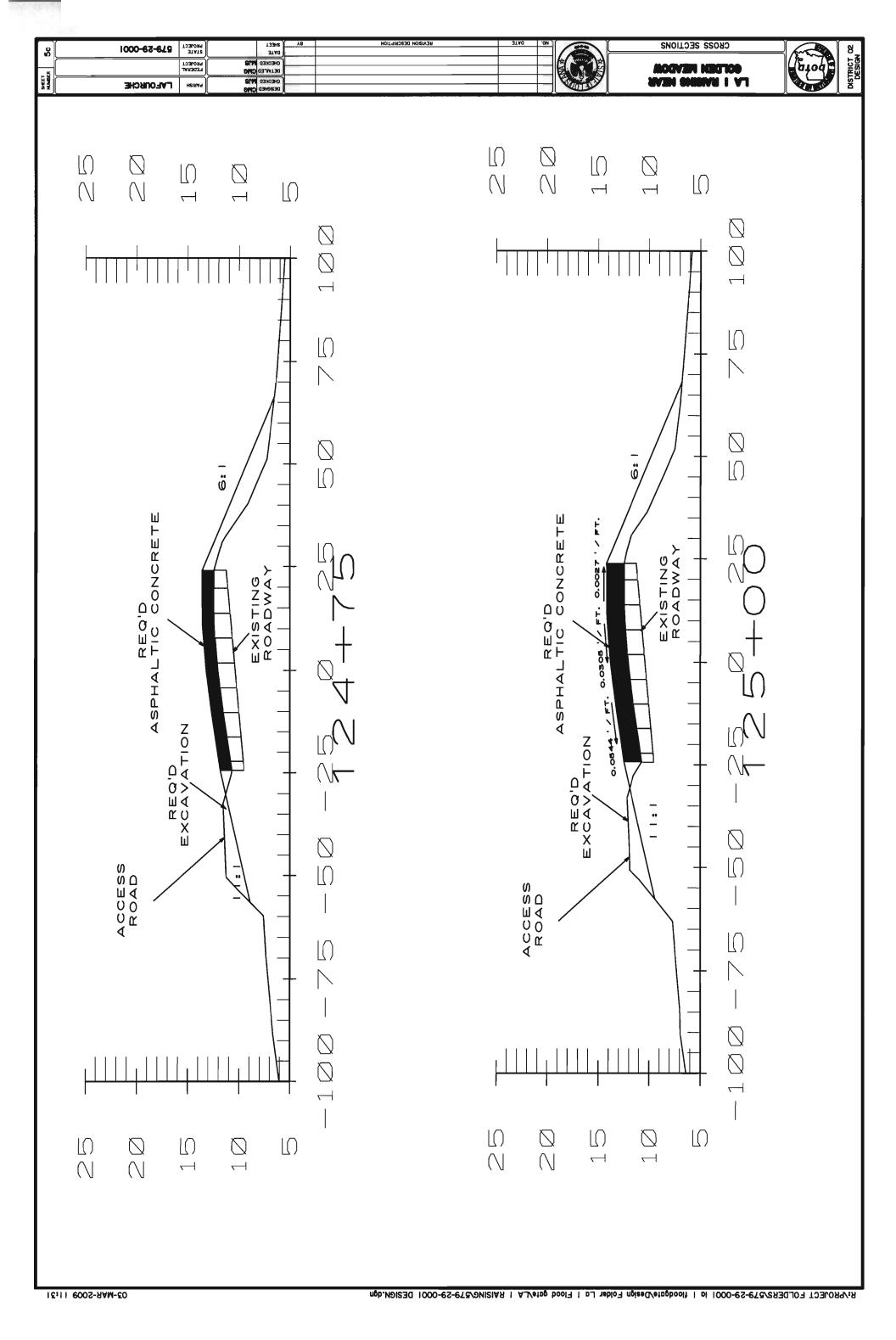


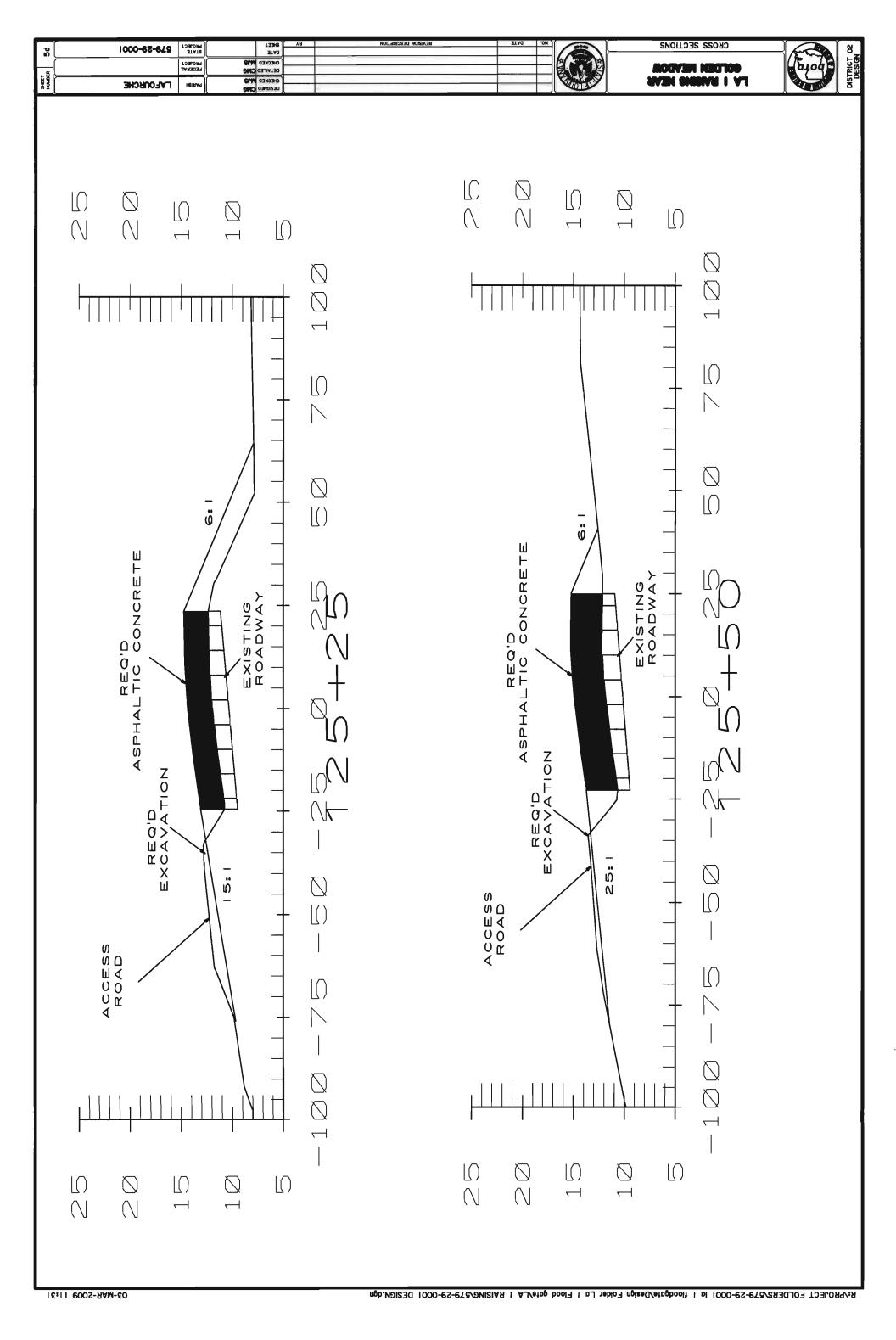


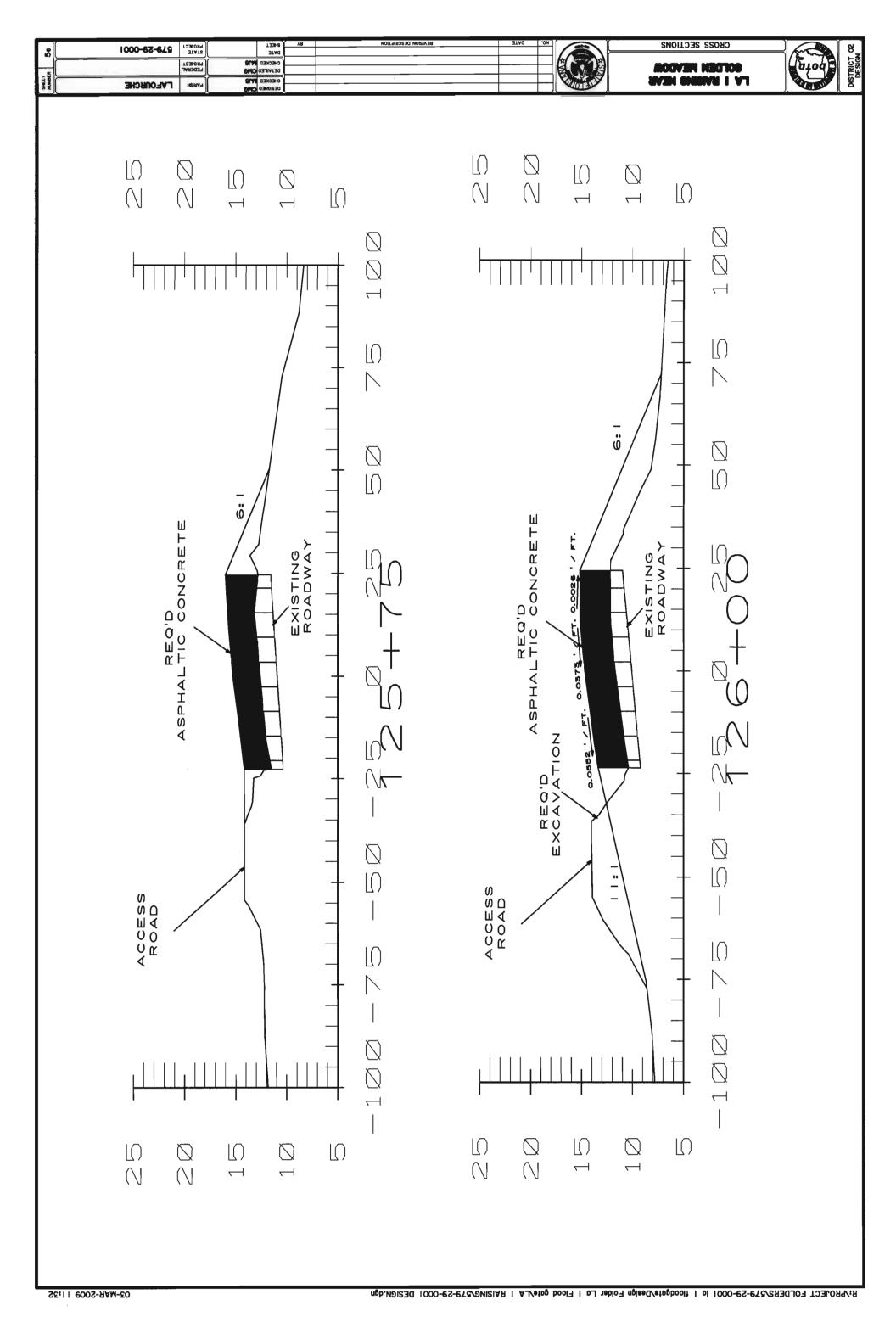


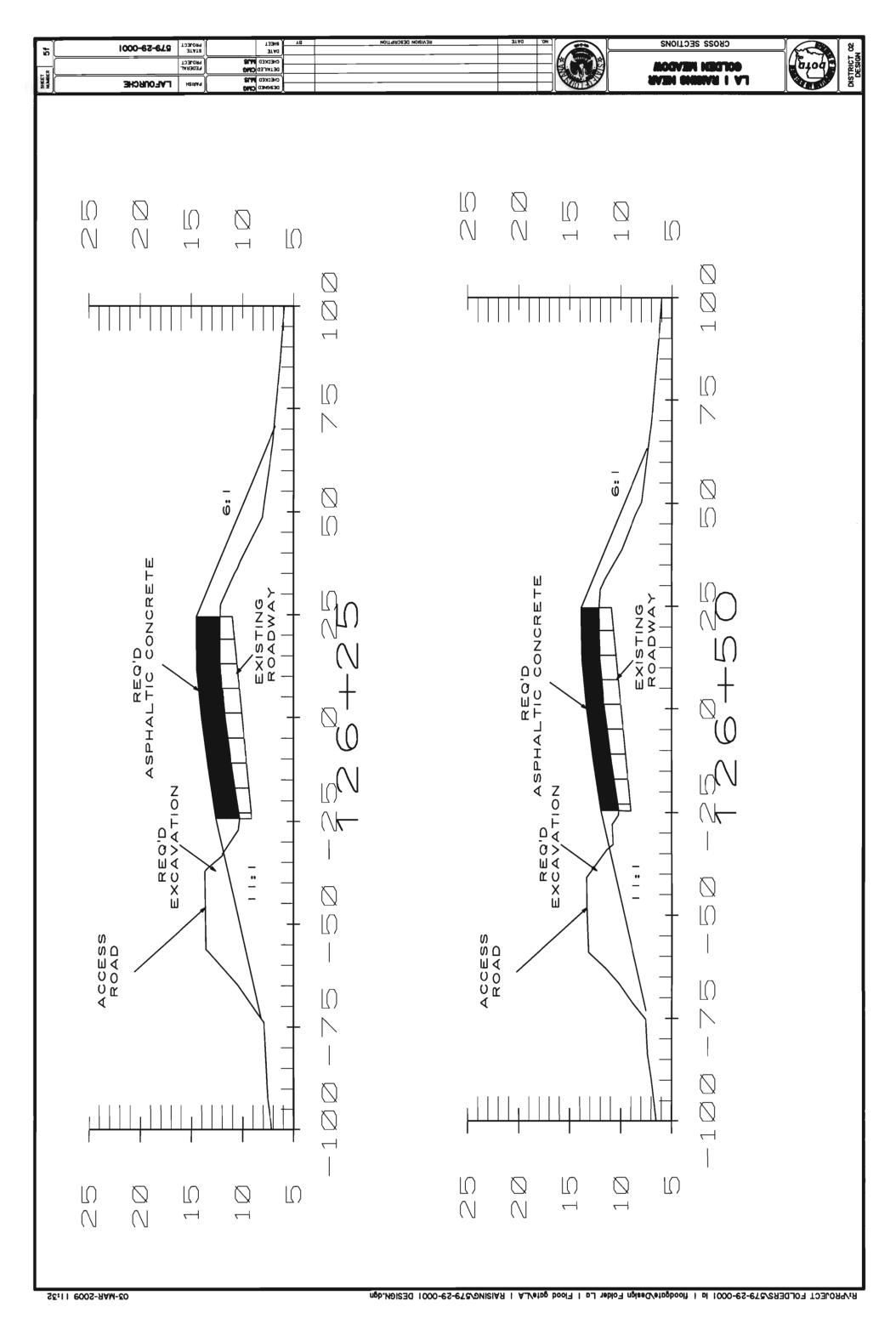


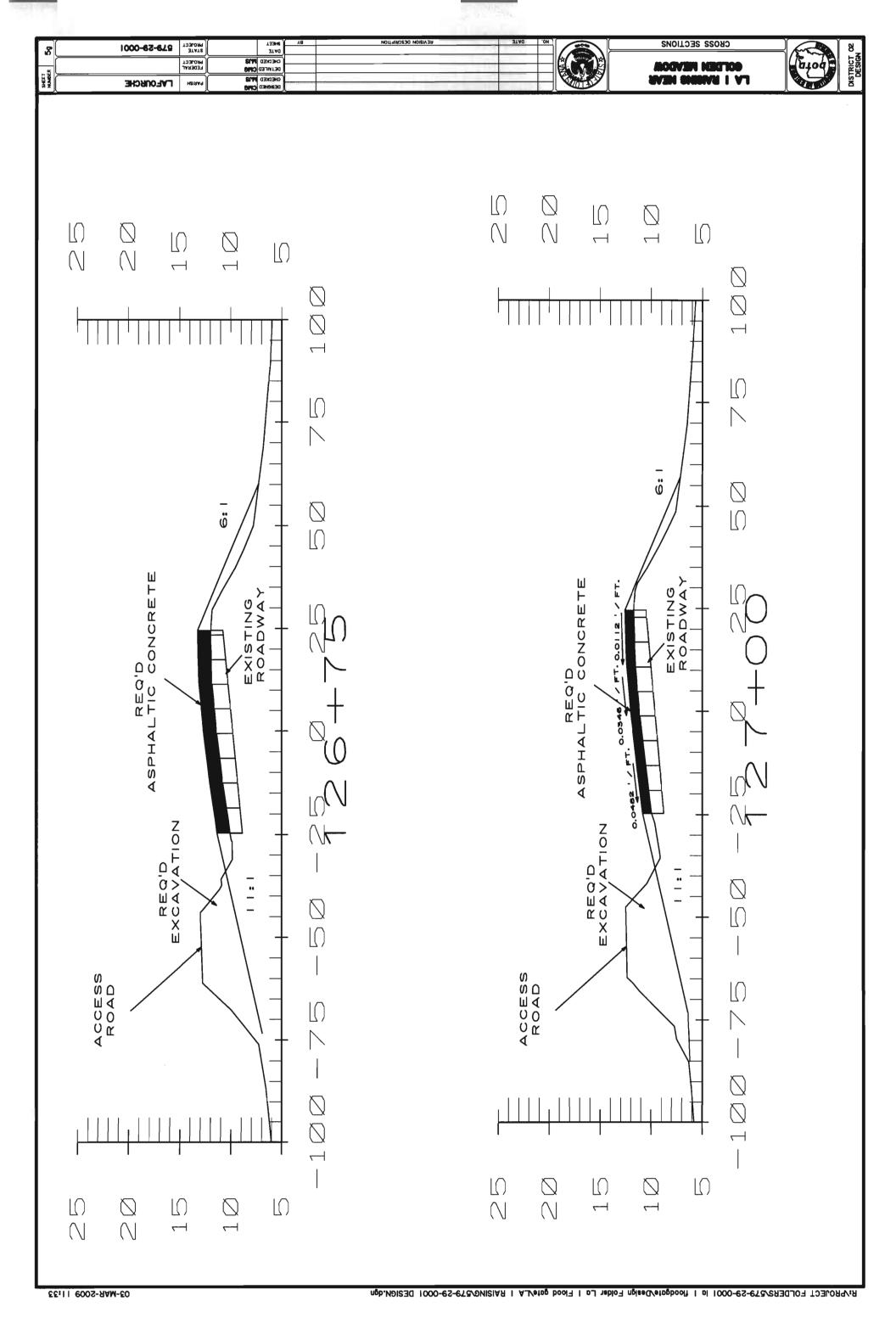


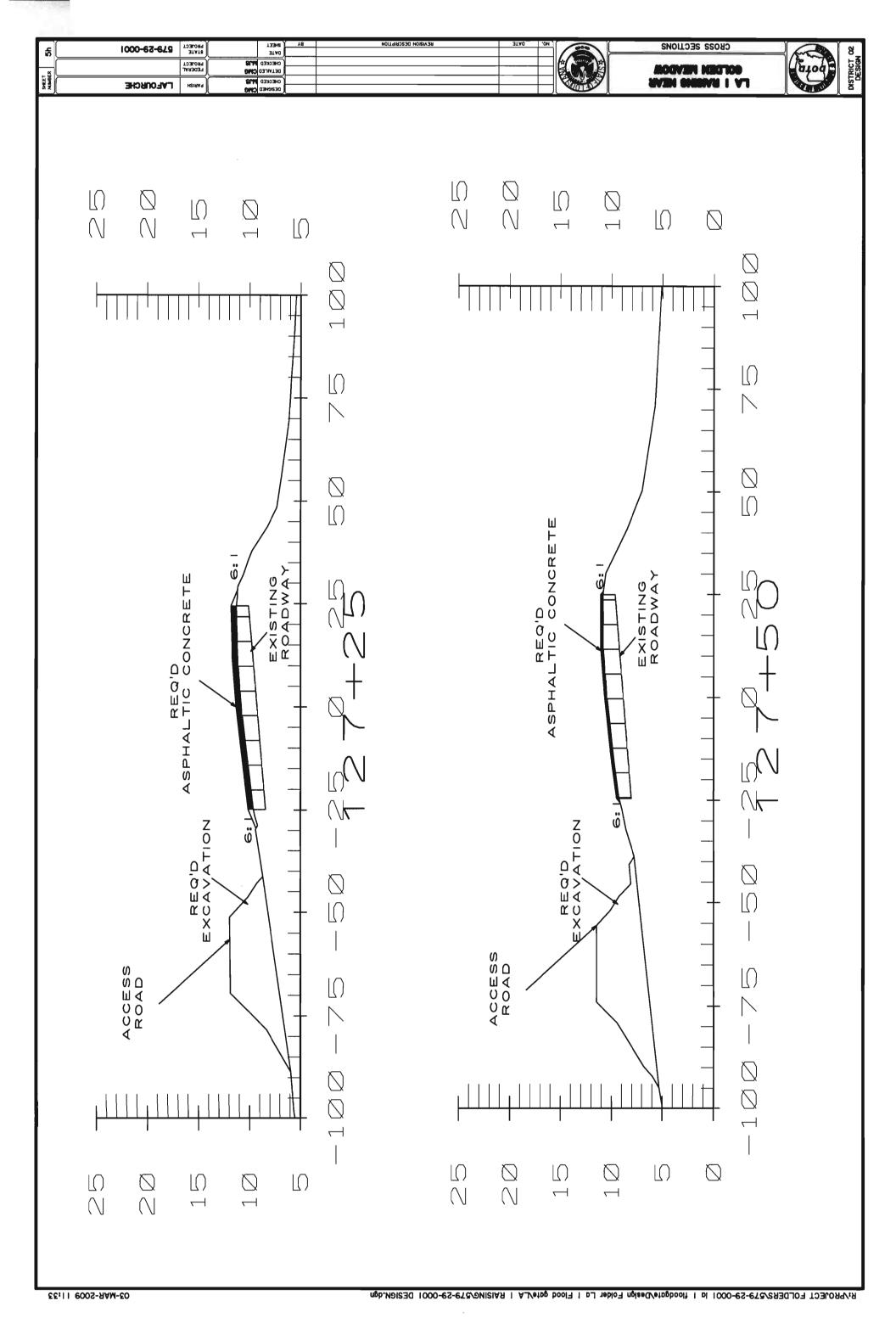


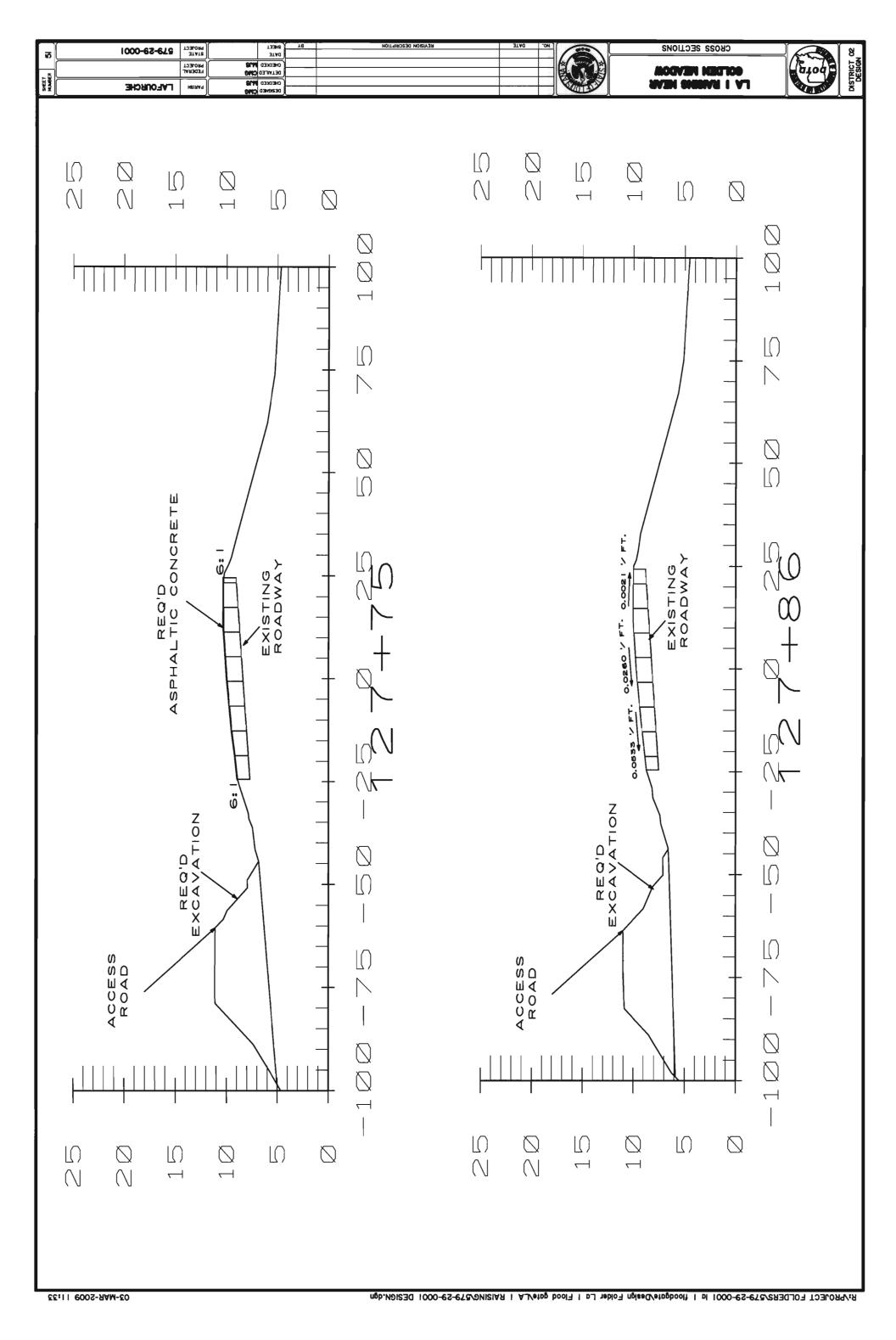


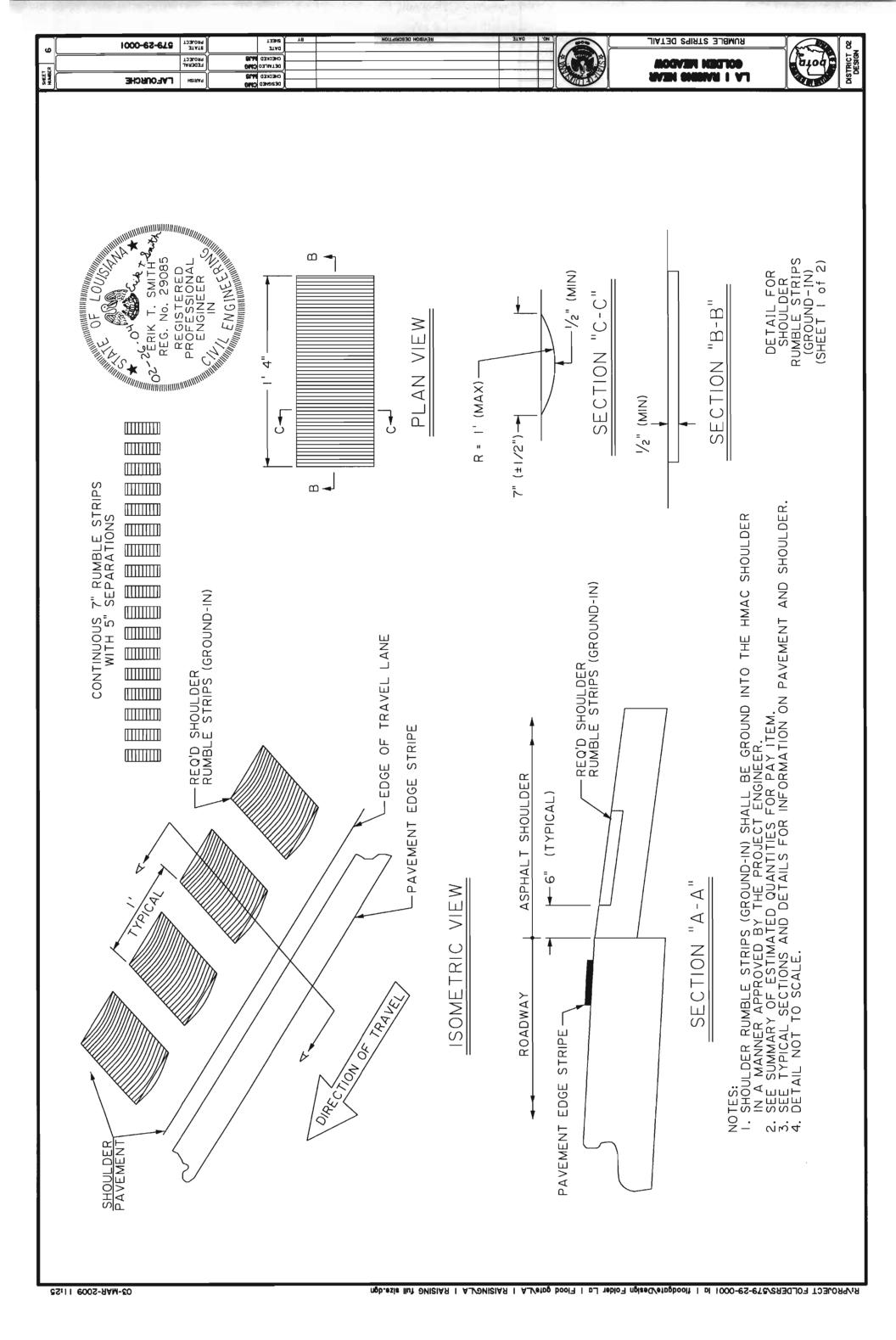


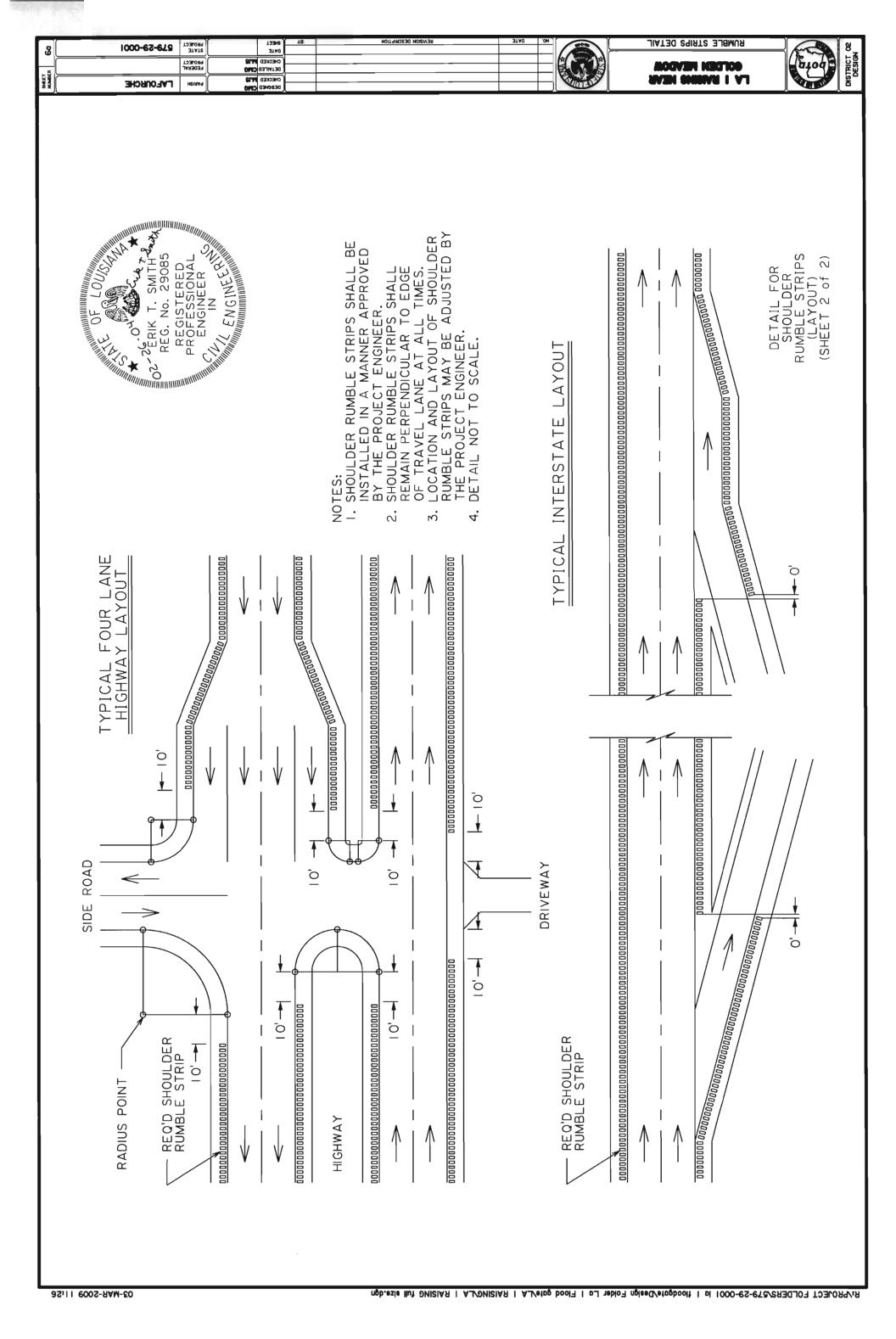












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BORROW	V (VEHICULAR MEASU	BORROW (VEHICULAR MEASUREMENT)(ITEM 203-07-00100)	
STA. TO STA.	DISTANCE	AVERAGE END AREA	CUBIC YARDS
STA. 123+66 TO STA. 123+70	4	0.0512	0.01
STA. 123+70 TO STA. 123+87	17	0.1181	0.10
STA. 123+87 TO STA. 124+12	25	0.6712	0.87
STA. 124+12 TO STA. 124+37	25	3.226	4.18
STA. 124+37 TO STA. 124+62	25	33.6748	43.65
STA. 124+62 TO STA. 124+87	25	56.2294	72.89
STA. 124+87 TO STA. 125+12	25	71.382	92.53
STA. 125+12 TO STA. 125+37	25	36.8752	47.80
STA. 125+37 TO STA. 125+62	25	43.6637	56.60
STA. 125+62 TO STA. 125+87	25	45.5609	59.06
STA. 125+87 TO STA. 126+12	25	116.1754	150.60
STA. 126+12 TO STA. 126+37	25	89.0599	115.45
STA. 126+37 TO STA. 126+62	25	57.1843	74.13
STA. 126+62 TO STA. 126+87	25	40.1629	52.06
STA. 126+87 TO STA. 127+12	25	28.6128	37.09
STA. 127+12 TO STA. 127+37	25	2.905	3.77
STA. 127+37 TO STA. 127+62	25	0.2235	0.29
STA. 127+62 TO STA. 127+86	24	0.0165	0.02
ADDITIONAL TO BE	ADDITIONAL TO BE USED AS DIRECTED BY PROJECT ENGINEER	PROJECT ENGINEER	84.00
		TOTAL	895.11

	CUBIC YARDS	18.20	25.18	26.06	28.46	14.56	83.11	86.09	101.30	110.98	130.15	125.97	157.54	170.01	155.66	132.37	128.59	125.52	54.45	500.00	2174
N (ITEM 203-01-00100)	AVERAGE END AREA	19.6588	27.1919	28.1466	30.7392	15.7209	89.7581	92.9813	109.4073	119.8569	140.5646	136.0476	170.1428	183,6071	168.1161	142.9564	138.8748	135.5566	58.8028	ADDITIONAL TO BE USED FOR STA. 128+12 TO STA. 129+25 AS DIRECTED BY PROJECT ENGINEER	TOTAL
GENERAL EXCAVATION (ITEM 203-01-00100)	DISTANCE	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	128+12 TO STA. 129+25 A	
	TA. TO STA.	STA. 124+37 TO STA. 124+62	STA. 124+62 TO STA. 124+87	STA. 124+87 TO STA. 125+12	STA. 125+12 TO STA. 125+37	STA. 125+37 TO STA. 125+62	STA. 125+87 TO STA. 126+12	STA. 126+12 TO STA. 126+37	STA. 126+37 TO STA. 126+62	STA. 126+62 TO STA. 126+87	STA. 126+87 TO STA. 127+12	STA. 127+12 TO STA. 127+37	STA. 127+37 TO STA. 127+62	STA. 127+62 TO STA. 127+87	STA. 127+87 TO STA. 128+12	STA. 128+12 TO STA. 128+37	STA. 128+37 TO STA. 128+62	STA. 128+62 TO STA. 128+87	STA. 127+87 TO STA. 128+12	ADDITIONAL TO BE USED FOR STA. 1	

Cooperative Highway Research Program (NCHRP) 350 for Control Devices (MUTCD), and shall meet the National

 Materials used for Temporary Traffic Cantrols shall be Test Level 3 requirements.

No temporary traffic cantrols shall be erected without the

No lane closures, lane shifts, diversions, or detours shall occur without the authorization of the Project Engineer.

Signs shall have a minimum of two bolts per post.
Permanent signs no longer applicable or in conflict shall be removed or covered with a strong, lightweight, opaque material.
Warning signs used for temporary traffic controls shall meet the following guidelines unless otherwise noted in the plans:

(A) size shall be 48" x 48", (B) see the Departments Standard Specifications and the QPL for sheeting information, (C) a

minimum depth of 3', (D) sign height shall be a minimum of 5'

above the roadway surface unless there is a concern for

pedestrians or bicycle traffic in which it shall be a minimum

(E) lateral distance of signs shall be a minimum of

6' from the edge of shoulder or edge of pavement If no

minimum of a 2 lb U-Channel post shall be used driven to a

The contractor shall also be responsible for the maintenance of all permanent signs and pavement markings left in place as essential to the safe movement and guidance of traffic within

the project limits. The District Traffic Operations Engineer (DTOE) shall serve

The distance on the sign the project unless otherwise noted.

 Warning signs used for lane closures or lane shifts in which the roadway shall be returned to full public use within 12 hours or 36"X60" unless otherwise nated.

Mesh rollup signs shall not be allowed on any project.
All signs shall be removed or covered when no longer applicable.
Contractor shall use caution not to damage existing signs which remain in place. Any DOTD signs damaged by work operations

● Vinyl Roll Up signs will be allowed for short term (less than 12

retroreflectivity requirements, and NCHRP 350.

shoulder exist and 2' from the back of curb in urban oreos. hours) daytime work provided that they meet all size, color,

If the spacing on the plans need to be aftered, the new spacings need to be approved by the Project Engineer.

construction, maintenance, or utility operation that requires one or more of the following:

(A) the condition of the original highway is degraded limits shall be lowered by 10 mph for any

supplement reduced speed zones.

that used on drums.
28" traffic cones are not allowed on: 1) Interstates, 2) Highways with speeds greater than 40 mph. During night time operations: 1) 28" and 36" cones are not allowed, 2) drums are the only device allowed in the taper.

# PAVEMENT MARKINGS (see OPL)

(Existing striping shall not be painted over with black paint or covered with tape).

if special pavement markings are needed, they shall be reflectorized,

GENERAL PROVISIONS

• All Temporary Traffic Control Devices used shall be in accordance with the Laborto Standard Specifications for accordance with the Manual on Uniform Traffic Roads and Bridges, the Manual on Uniform Traffic

accordance with the LaDOTD Standard Specifications for Roads and Bridges and when applicable the LaDOTD Qualified Products List (QPL).

approval of the Project Engineer and until work is about to begin, unless they are covered.

Installation, maintenance, and operation of all temporary traffic control devices called for in these plans or required by the Project Engineer for the protection of the traveling public as well as all Department and construction Responsibility is hereby placed upon the contractor far the

a technical advisor to the Project Engineer for all Traffic Control

be stated to the nearest whole mile. The sign shall be a minimum "Road Work Next XX Miles" sign shall be required on all projects
 equal to or greater than 2 miles and located at the begining of

may be placed on NCHRP350 approved portable sign frames.

due to milled surfaces or uneven povements;
(B) work is in progress in the immediate vicinity of the travel way requiring lane closures, lane width reductions, or low speed diversions; (C) workers present on the shoulder within 2' at the edge of traveled way

without barrier protection.

The reduced speed zone shall only apply to those portions of the project limits affected. The Project Engineer may allow SPEED LIMIT WHEN FLASHING signs to

At the end of the reduced speed zone, a speed limit sign displaying the original speed limit before construction shall installed

• if conditions warrant, the District Traffic Operations Engineer may authorize the reduction of the speed limit by more than

All pavement markings within the limits of the project that are in conflict with the project signing or the required traffic movements shall be removed from the pavement by blast cleaning or grinding

removable, and accampanied by the proper signage.

Temporary Raised Pavement Markers (RPMs) may be added to

in detours, and in other areas of need as directed by the Praject Materials and plocement of temporary povement markings shall conform to section 713 of the Standard Specifications. If no item exists, temporary markings will be considered incidental to temporary striping in areas of transition,

traffic control.

# PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

 When working within the traveled way, including shoulders and auxiliary lanes,
Changeable Message Signs (CMS) shall be used an all interstate
Highways and on all other roadways (where space is avaliable) with an ADT greater than 20,000 and should be delineated with retroreflective TTC devices. CMS will be paid for by each.

 When used in advance of a lane closure or a lane shift, the CMS should be placed on the right hand side of the road a minimum distance of 2 miles in advance of the taper for interstates and to be determined by the Engineer on other highways.

required or substituted with the approval of the Praject Engineer and reviewed by the District Traffic Operations Engineer.

When projects are separated by less than one mile, they shall

More appropriate signing for a specific condition may be

with each specific condition.

All signs used for temporary traffic controls shall follow the Department's Traffic Control (TC) details and the MUTCD. Signs shown in the TC illustrations are typical and may vary

should be placed on the right hond side of the road approximately If vehicles are queing beyond the 2 mile CMS, an additional CMS 5 miles in advance of the taper for interstates. CMS messages shall be approved by the District Traffic Operations Engineer (DTOE).

•

operation be

Signs

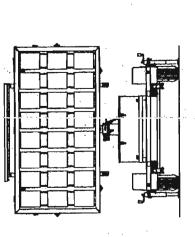
over 20 sq ft shall be mounted on at least three post. Signs over 10 sq ft shall be mounted on two post and

the obstacle has been removed.

be signed as one project.

At no time shall signs warning against a particular operation be left in place once the operation has been completed or where

they should be removed; if not removed, they should be shielded by guardrail or barriers; or if this previous two options ore not feasible, they should be delineated with retroreflective TTC devices. When Portable Changeable Message signs are not being used,



os those offered by the American Traffic Safety Services Association or other courses approved by the Louisiana DOTD's Work Zone Task Force. The contractor shall be responsible for getting the flagger course approved. flagging duties. A Qualified Flagger is one that has completed courses All flaggers must be qualified. The controctor shall be responsible (ATSSA), The Associated General Contractors of America (AGC) for training or assuring that all flaggers are qualified to perform

 When utilized, a flagger shall use a minimum 18 inch octagonal shape sign
on a minimum 6' stop/slow paddle and wear ANSI Class 2 Lime Green vest
during day time operations and ANSI Class 3 Lime Green ensemble during night operations, in all flagging operations, the flagger must be visible from the flagger advance warning sign.

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The spacing of channelizing devices in a tangent should not exceed a distance in feet equal to 2.0 times the posted speed limit mph (with a maximum of 100 feet) unless atherwise noted.

Retroreflective material pattern used on super cones shall match

distance in feet equal to 1.0 times the posted speed limit in mph

(with a maximum of 50 feet).

The spacing of channelizing devices in a taper should not exceed

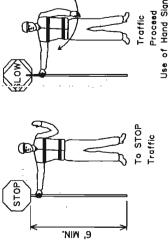
used in tapers during night operations.

Tubular Markers, Vertical Panels, Cones, Drums, and Super Cones. Drums (at standard spacing) and Super Canes (at/ $_{\rm 2}$ standard spacing) are the only devices ollowed to be used in taper areas on the interstate system during daylight hours. Only drume can be

The following devices may be used:

CHANNELIZING DEVICES

shall be replaced.



# TYPE III BARRICADES

to 12

Tubular Marker

Traffic Cone

All barricades shall use Type 3 High intensity Sheeting on both sides of the barricade.

 All Type III Barricades shall be a minimum of 8 feet in length and must meet NCHRP 350 recuirements. When signs and lights are to be mounted to a barricade, they must meet NCHRP 350 requirements.

# MUTCD Website: http://mutcd.fhwa.dot.gov/

PANEL

SUPER CONE

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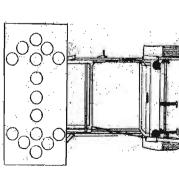
Flashing Arrow Panels shall be used for lane closures on all facilities with 2 or more lanes in a single direction and a speed limit greater than 35 mph.

 When used, flashing arrow panels should be located on the shoulder at the beginning of the taper. Where the shoulder width is limited, the flashing arrow

panel should be placed within the clased lane as clase to the beginning of the taper as practical. All Flashing Arraw Panels used on high speed roadways

two options are not feasible, they should be delineated be shielded by guardrail or barriers; or if the previous When Flashing Arrow Panels signs are not being used, they should be removed; If not removed, they should Type C. (45 mph and greater) sholl be 4' x 8'

with retroreflective TTC devices.



# LIGHTING (see QPL)

 When used for avernight closures, lighting shall supplement all barricades that are placed in a closed lane or that extend be used per lane closed in rural areas. In urban areas two Two Type B High Intensity lights shall Type A Low Intensity Lights may be used where adequate ambient lighting is available. across a highway.

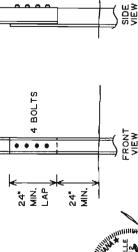
One Type B High Intensity light shall be used to

the first sign (or pair of signs) that gives warning about a lane closure during night time operations.

Type C steady burn lights shall be used on all channelizing devices in the taper as well as the first two devices in the tangent, for night use.

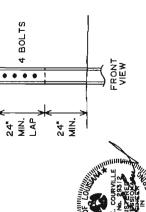
# ALLOWABLE LAP SPLICE FOR U-CHANNEL POST

of the splice shall be a minimum of 24 inches above the ground. The spliced sections shall be secured with at least four Reinch required. The upper section shall overlap the lower section by at least 24 inches. The bottom edge of the upper section U-Channel posts may be spliced where long lengths are diameter hex bolts spaced equally along the splice



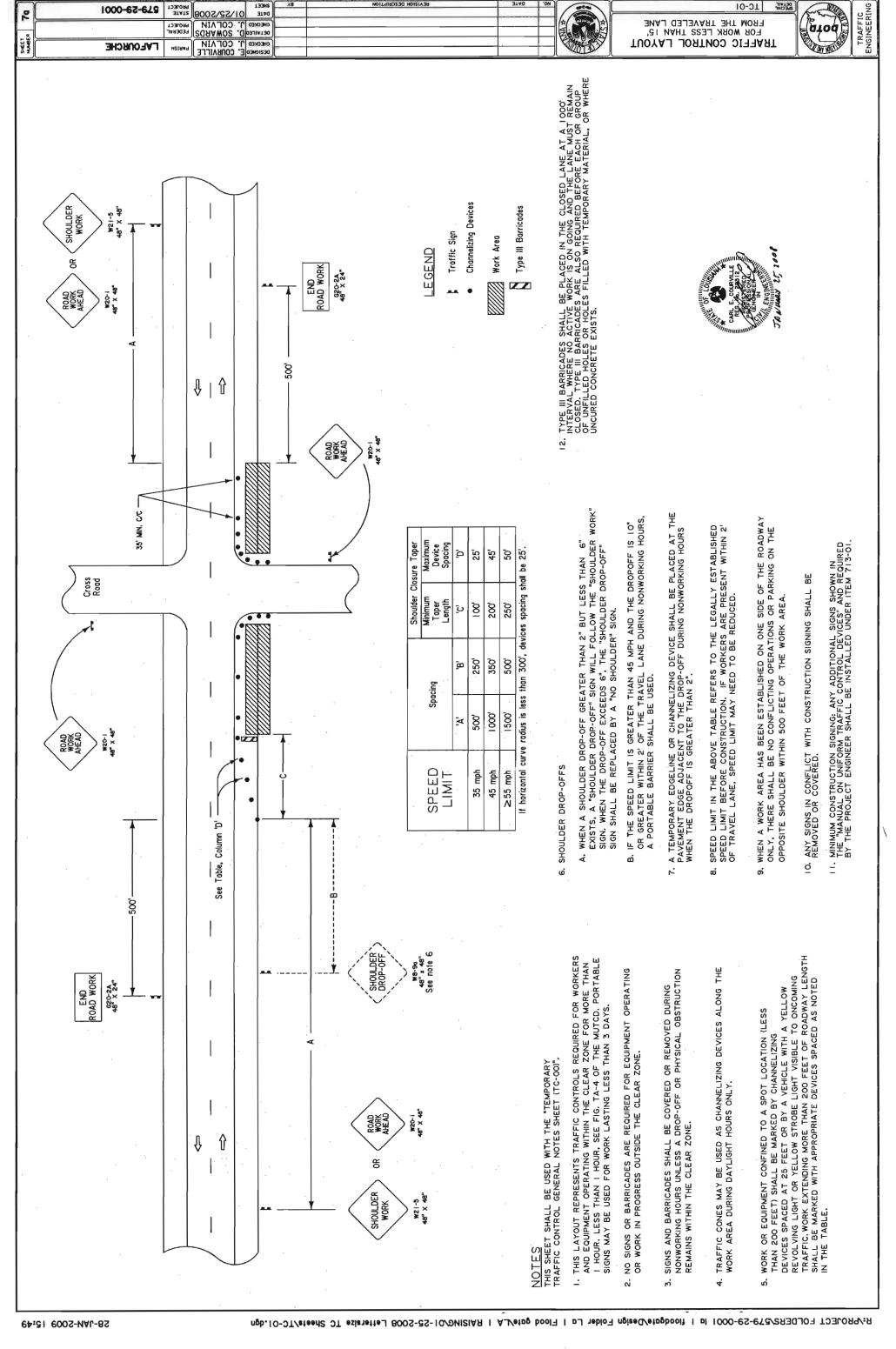
SLOW Traffic ď

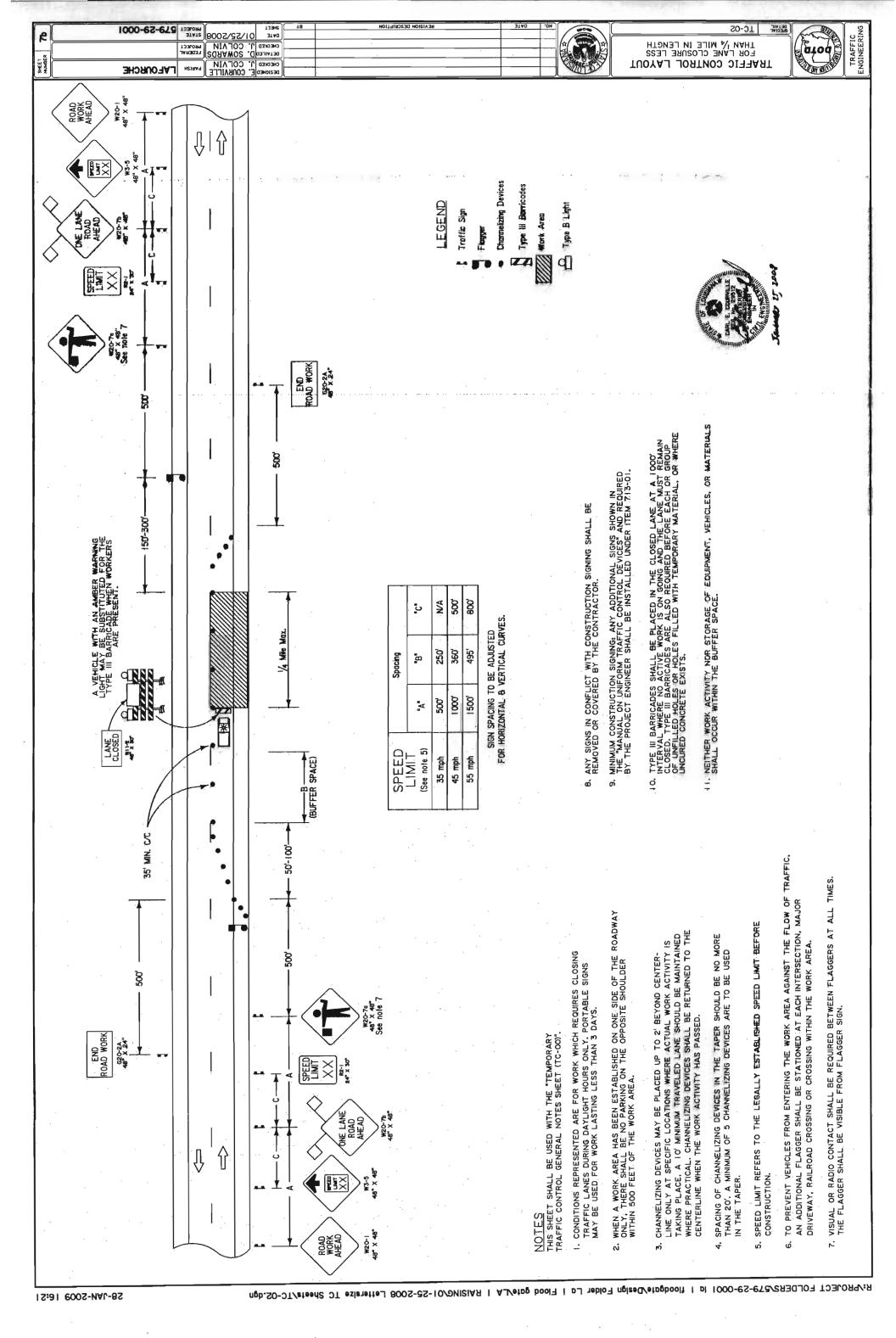
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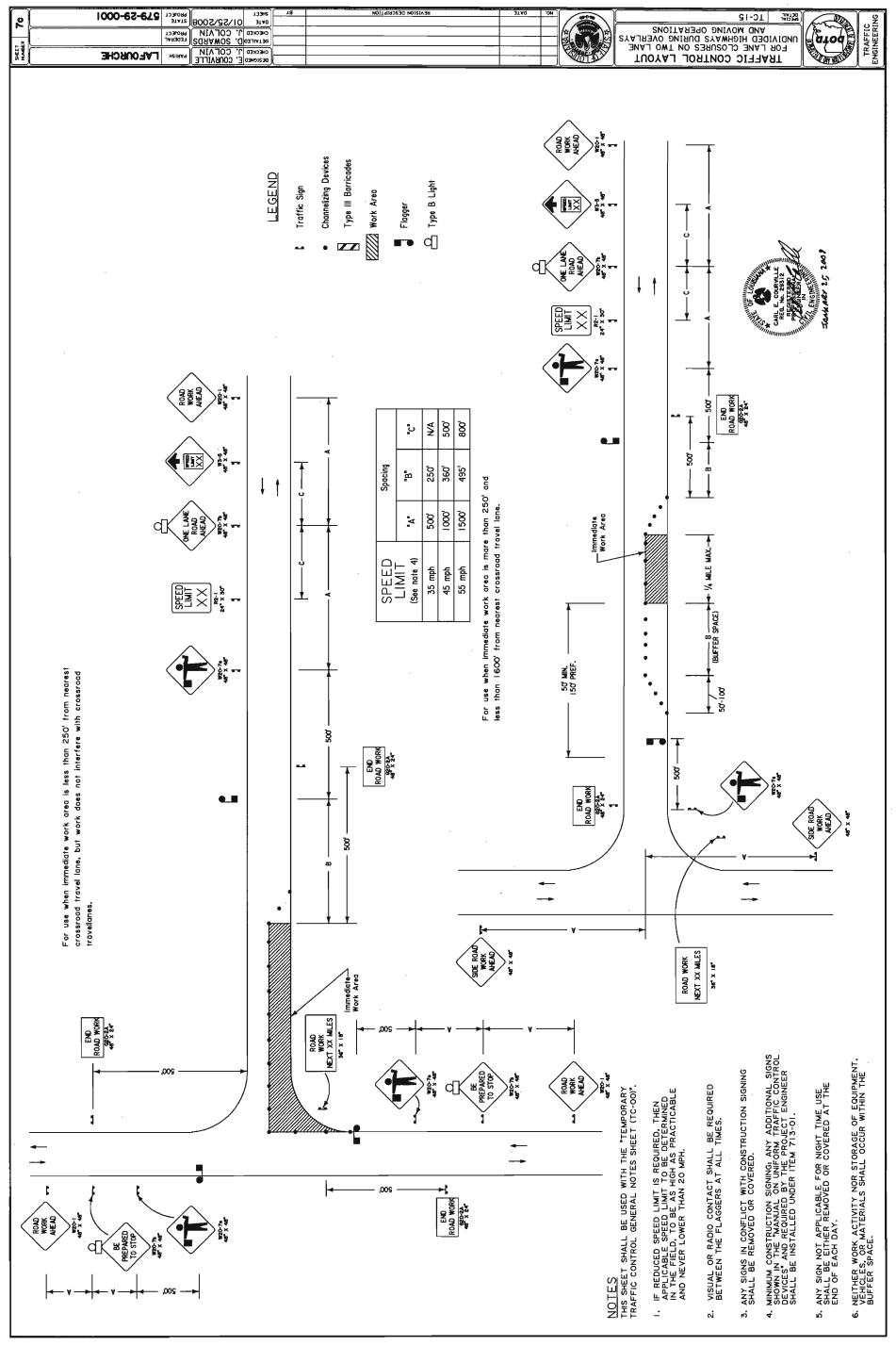


2008

TRAFFIC







R:\PROJECT FOLDERS\579-29-0001 ia 1 floodgate\Design Folder La 1 Flood gate\LA 1 RAISING\01-25-2008 Lettersize TC Sheets\TC-15.dgn

# STATE OF LOUISIANA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AND DEVELOPMENT



# LETTER BID PROPOSAL INFORMATION FOR

STATE PROJECT NO. 579-29-0001
RAISING LA 1 NEAR GOLDEN MEADOW FLOODGATE
ROUTE LA 1
LAFOURCHE PARISH

# **BID BOND**

A Bid Bond is required when the bidder's total bid amount as calculated by the Department in

, as Principal
and , as Surety,
nt of Transportation and Development, (hereinafter %) of the bidder's total bid amount as calculated by and Surety bind themselves, their heirs, executors, ligors.
, 20
OODGATE, ROUTE LA 1, LAFOURCHE within the specified time, enters into the contract in the Department for payment and performance of said main in effect.
If a Joint Venture, Second Partner By
Authorized Officer-Owner-Partner
Typed or Printed Name
ety
(Seal) orney-in-Fact
inted Name
respondence / communication from LA DOTD, with ust be provided:
Address
Phone Number / Fax Number
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07/07 Form CS-2A



# Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development Proposal Schedule of Items

Page:

1

Contract ID: 579-29-0001

Project(s): 579-29-0001

SECTION: 1

General Items

Proposal Line	item ID	Description	Approximate	Unit
Number		Unit Price (In Words, Ink or Typed)	Quantity	of Measure
0001	202-02-14500	Removal of Guard Rail	1,867.000	LNFT
	-			Dollars
	-			Cents
0002	203-01-00100	General Excavation	2,174.000	CUYD
	-			Dollars
	-			Cents
0003	203-07-00100	Borrow (Vehicular Measurement)	895.000	CUYD
	-			Dollars
	-			Cents
0004	502-01-00100	Superpave Asphaltic Concrete	2,802.100	TON
	-			Dollars
				Cents
0005	713-01-00100	Temporary Signs and Barricades		LUMP SUM
	-			Dollars
	-			Cents
0006	713-03-01000	Temporary Pavement Markings (Broken Line) (4" Width) (4' Length)	1.280	MILE
	-			Dollars
				Cents
0007	713-04-01000	Temporary Pavement Markings (Solid Line) (4" Width)	2.560	MILE
			<u>-</u>	Dollars
				Cents
8000	717-01-00100	Seeding	29.000	LB
	-			Dollars
				Cents



3/3/2009

2

Page:

# Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development

Proposal Schedule of Items

Project(s)	: 579-29-0001
Froiecusi	. 0/3-23-0001

SECTION: 1

Contract ID: 579-29-0001

General Items

Proposal Line Number	Item ID	Description Unit Price (in Words, ink or Typed)		pproximate Quantity	Unit of Measure
0009	718-01-00100	Fertilizer			
0010	727-01-00100 -	Mobilization			LUMP SUM  Dollars
0011	731-02-00100 -	Reflectorized Raised Pavement Markers		53.000	
0012	732-02-01000	Plastic Pavement Striping (Solid Line) (4" Width) (Thermoplastic 40 mil)	-	0.320	MILE Dollars
0013	740-01-00100 -	Construction Layout			Cents  LUMP SUM  Dollars
0014	NS-500-00200 -	Rumble Strips (Ground-In)		0.160	Cents MILE Dollars
0015	NS-700-00140 -	Flexible Post Traffic Delineators		335.000	
	-	Section: 1	Total:		Cents
			Total Bid:		

# CONSTRUCTION PROPOSAL SIGNATURE AND EXECUTION FORM

THIS FORM, THE SCHEDULE OF ITEMS, AND THE PROPOSAL GUARANTY MUST BE COMPLETED AS INDICATED AND SUBMITTED
TO THE LOUISIANA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AND DEVELOPMENT (DOTD) TO CONSTITUTE A VALID BID

STATE PROJECT NO(S).	579-29-0001
FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO(S).	N/A
NAME OF PROJECT	RAISING OF LA 1 NEAR GOLDEN MEADOW FLOODGATE

I (WE) HEREBY CERTIFY THAT I (WE) HAVE CAREFULLY EXAMINED THE PROPOSAL, PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS, INCLUDING ANY AND ALL ADDENDA, AND THE SITE OF THE ABOVE PROJECT AND AM (ARE) FULLY COGNIZANT OF ALL PROPOSAL DOCUMENTS, THE MASTER COPY OF WHICH IS ON FILE AT DOTD HEADQUARTERS IN BATON ROUGE, LA., AND ALL WORK, MATERIALS AND LABOR REQUIRED THEREIN, AND AGREE TO PERFORM ALL WORK, AND SUPPLY ALL NECESSARY MATERIALS AND LABOR REQUIRED FOR SUCCESSFUL AND TIMELY COMPLETION OF THE ABOVE PROJECT AND TO ACCEPT THE SUMMATION OF THE PRODUCTS OF THE UNIT PRICES BID ON THE SCHEDULE OF ITEMS ATTACHED HERETO AND MADE A PART HEREOF MULTIPLIED BY THE ACTUAL QUANTITY OF UNIT OF MEASURE PERFORMED FOR EACH ITEM, AS AUDITED BY DOTD, AS FULL AND FINAL PAYMENT FOR ALL WORK, LABOR AND MATERIALS NECESSARY TO COMPLETE THE ABOVE PROJECT, SUBJECT TO INCREASE ONLY FOR PLAN CHANGES (CHANGE ORDERS) APPROVED BY THE DOTD CHIEF ENGINEER OR HIS DESIGNEE. THIS BID IS SUBMITTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE GENERAL BIDDING REQUIREMENTS IN THE CONSTRUCTION PROPOSAL AND ALL SPECIAL PROVISIONS, PLANS, SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS, AND THE LOUISIANA STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR ROADS AND BRIDGES (2006 EDITION). I (WE) UNDERSTAND THAT THE SUMMATION OF THE PRODUCTS OF THE UNIT PRICES BID ON THE SCHEDULE OF ITEMS MULTIPLIED BY THE ESTIMATED QUANTITY OF UNIT OF MEASURE FOR EACH ITEM, ALONG WITH ANY OTHER FACTORS SPECIFIED TO BE APPLICABLE SUCH AS CONSTRUCTION TIME AND/OR LANE RENTAL, SHALL BE THE BASIS FOR THE COMPARISON OF BIDS. I (WE) UNDERSTAND THAT THE SCHEDULE OF ITEMS MUST CONTAIN UNIT PRICES WRITTEN OUT IN WORDS AND THAT THE SCHEDULE OF ITEMS SUBMITTED AS PART OF THIS BID IS ON THE FORM SUPPLIED BY DOTD IN THE BID PROPOSAL, MY (OUR) PROPOSAL GUARANTY IN THE AMOUNT SPECIFIED FOR THE PROJECT IS ATTACHED HERETO AS EVIDENCE OF MY (OUR) GOOD FAITH TO BE FORFEITED IF THIS BID IS ACCEPTED BY DOTD AND I (WE) FAIL TO COMPLY WITH ANY REQUIREMENT NECESSARY FOR AWARD AND EXECUTION OF THE CONTRACT, AS WELL AS, SIGN AND DELIVER THE CONTRACT AND PAYMENT/PERFORMANCE/RETAINAGE BOND AS REQUIRED IN THE SPECIFICATIONS.

# NONCOLLUSION DECLARATION (APPLICABLE TO FEDERAL-AID PROJECTS)

I (WE) DECLARE UNDER PENALTY OF PERJURY UNDER THE LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES AND THE STATE OF LOUISIANA THAT I (WE) HAVE NOT DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, ENTERED INTO ANY AGREEMENT, PARTICIPATED IN ANY COLLUSION, OR OTHERWISE TAKEN ANY ACTION IN RESTRAINT OF FREE COMPETITIVE BIDDING IN CONNECTION WITH THE CONTRACT FOR THIS PROJECT NOR VIOLATED LA. R.S. 48:254.

# BIDDER'S DBE GOAL STATEMENT (APPLICABLE TO DBE GOAL PROJECTS)

IF THIS PROJECT IS DESIGNATED BY SPECIAL PROVISION AS A DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE (DBE) GOAL PROJECT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE DBE PROVISIONS OF THIS CONTRACT, THE BIDDER ASSURES DOTD THAT HE/SHE WILL MEET OR EXCEED THE DBE CONTRACT GOAL. OR IF THE BIDDER CANNOT MEET THE REQUIRED DBE GOAL, THE BIDDER ASSURES DOTD THAT HE/SHE HAS MADE AND CAN DOCUMENT GOOD FAITH EFFORTS MADE TOWARDS MEETING THE GOAL REQUIREMENT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CONTRACT AND DBE PROGRAM MANUAL INCORPORATED HEREIN BY REFERENCE.

THE APPARENT LOW BIDDER SHALL COMPLETE AND SUBMIT TO THE DOTD COMPLIANCE PROGRAMS OFFICE, FORM CS-6AAA AND ATTACHMENT(S) AND, IF NECESSARY, DOCUMENTATION OF GOOD FAITH EFFORTS MADE BY THE BIDDER TOWARD MEETING THE GOAL, WITHIN TEN BUSINESS DAYS AFTER THE OPENING OF BIDS FOR THIS PROJECT. RESPONSIVENESS OF INFORMATION SUPPLIED IN THIS SECTION OF THIS CONSTRUCTION PROPOSAL SIGNATURE AND EXECUTION FORM IS GOVERNED BY THE DBE REQUIREMENTS INCLUDED WITHIN THE SPECIFICATIONS AND DBE PROGRAM MANUAL.

# CERTIFICATION OF EMPLOYMENT OF LOUISIANA RESIDENTS TRANSPORTATION INFRASTRUCTURE MODEL FOR ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT (TIME) PROJECTS (APPLICABLE TO TIME PROJECTS)

IF THIS PROJECT IS DESIGNATED BY SPECIAL PROVISION AS A TRANSPORTATION INFRASTRUCTURE MODEL FOR ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT (TIME) PROJECT AS DEFINED IN ACT NO. 16 OF THE 1989 FIRST EXTRAORDINARY SESSION OF THE LEGISLATURE WHICH ENACTED PART V OF CHAPTER 7 OF SUBTITLE II OF TITLE 47 OF THE LOUISIANA REVISED STATUTES OF 1950, COMPRISED OF R.S. 47:820 I THROUGH 820.6.

THE BIDDER CERTIFIES THAT AT LEAST 80 PERCENT OF THE EMPLOYEES EMPLOYED ON THIS TIME PROJECT WILL BE LOUISIANA RESIDENTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH LOUISIANA R.S. 47:820.3.

L con	NON DARTICIDATION IN DAVISENT AD INCOMENT ACRILLA TO COMENT AND PUBLIC OF ATEMANIT
	NON PARTICIPATION IN PAYMENT ADJUSTMENT (ASPHALT CEMENT AND FUELS) STATEMENT
	IF THIS PROJECT IS DESIGNATED BY SPECIAL PROVISION AS BEING SUBJECT TO PAYMENT ADJUSTMENT FOR ASPHALT CEMENT AND/OR FUELS, THE BIDDER HAS THE OPTION OF REQUESTING EXCLUSION FROM SAID PAYMENT ADJUSTMENT PROVISIONS THAT ARE ESTABLISHED BY SPECIAL PROVISION ELSEWHERE HEREIN.
	IF THE BIDDER DESIRES TO BE EXCLUDED FROM THESE PAYMENT ADJUSTMENT PROVISIONS,
	THE BIDDER IS REQUIRED TO MARK HERE
	FAILURE TO MARK THIS BOX PRIOR TO BID OPENING WILL CONSTITUTE FORFEITURE OF THE BIDDER'S OPTION TO REQUEST EXCLUSION.
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CS-14A 08/06

# BIDDER SIGNATURE REQUIREMENTS (APPLICABLE TO ALL PROJECTS)

If Joint Venture, Name of First Partner  (Louisiana Contractor's License Number of Bidder or First Partner to Joint Venture)	If Joint Venture, Name of Second Partner
,	
	(Louisiana Contractor's License Number of Second Partner to Joint Venture)
(Business Street Address)	(Business Street Address)
(Business Mailing Address, if different)	(Business Mailing Address, if different)
(Area Code and Telephone Number of Business)	(Area Code and Telephone Number of Business)
(Telephone Number and Name of Contact Person)	(Telephone Number and Name of Contact Person)
(Telecopier Number, if any)	(Telecopier Number, if any)
BOVE CAPTIONED FIRM, CORPORATION OR BUSINESS, BY SU	THE UNDERSIGNED DULY AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OF TH BMISSION OF THIS BID, AGREES AND CERTIFIES THE TRUTH AN VE OF THE REQUIREMENTS, STATEMENTS, DECLARATIONS AND DEPROPRED TO STATEMENT OF THE
ORM AND SUBMISSION OF THE SCHEDULE OF ITEMS AND PR EGALLY BINDING OFFER BY THE BIDDER.	OPOSAL GUARANTY SHALL CONSTITUTE AN IRREVOCABLE AN
ORM AND SUBMISSION OF THE SCHEDULE OF ITEMS AND PREGALLY BINDING OFFER BY THE BIDDER.  (Signature)	OPOSAL GUARANTY SHALI. CONSTITUTE AN IRREVOCABLE AN
ORM AND SUBMISSION OF THE SCHEDULE OF ITEMS AND PREGALLY BINDING OFFER BY THE BIDDER.  (Signature)	OPOSAL GUARANTY SHALL CONSTITUTE AN IRREVOCABLE AN